OLYMPIC =LEADER

THE DEMOCRAT-LEADER, ESTABLISHED 1888.
THE OLYMPIC, ESTABLISHED 1904.

THE OFFICIAL PAPER FOR THE COUNTY OF CLALLAM.

VOL. 19. NO. 29. PORT ANGELES, WASHINGTON, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1906 PRICE 5 CTS

AN EXTRAORDINARY SUCCESSFUL SALE

THE PACIFIC STORE CO.

has had a very busy week of it; the bargains given is certainly an inducement to buy. At this time of the year when there is so many things needed, it is economy on the part of every house keeper to buy where they can save from 35 to 75 per cent on every dollar.

The circumstances under which I am running this extraordinary sale is probably known to every man, woman and child in Clallam county. If there is any one in Clallam county not acquainted with the facts, I here repeat the conditions that makes it compulsory on my part to make such extroordinary efforts to dispose of the greatest part of the Pacific Store Co. stock on or before the 1st day of January 1907. Mr. Kirschberg takes complete charge on said date and I retire. The sacrifice I make by slaughtering the stock is considerable, but I am compelled to do that in order to square accounts with Mr. Kirschberg. I want every lady of Clallam county to call and examine the stock and prices of the Pacific Store Co. before buying elsewhere. In order to facilitate the sale and for the the convenience of our customers an Annex will be opened at the corner of Laurel and Front streets and run until the 1st day of January 1907, or until the stock is disposed of.

Yours truly,
LEWIS LEVY.

FOR SALE—One Span Colts, 2 and 3 years past, broke. One Durham Bull Calf, 3 months old. One Durham Bull, 1 year old, full blood. One Chester White Boar, 2 years old, registered.

Apply to L. R. THOMPSON, Elwah.

Defective Flues.

The time has come when you must light the fires in your furnaces and set up your heating stoves. How many people make it a habit each fall to examine their stove pipes and flues carefully before the first fall fires are lighted, and then to watch closely the effect of those first fires. Every house holder should do this.

Hundreds of fires are caused every year by the heat of these first fires cracking flues that have been cold all summer. See that you do this—and then place your insurance with the company that gives you this advice, the Northwestern Mutual Fire Association of Seattle. This company saves you 25 to 40 per cent of your premium rate, and you must see to it that the loss ratio is kept down.

The City Council

Street committee authorized to make fill in Laurel street, work not to exceed $600; city to stand one-third expense and property owners balance.

Bills allowed: Firemen, Muskett fire, $30; water $29; Tribune-Times $6.65; wood $16.85.

City treasurers report for quarter ending September 30th referred to finance committee.

An Angeles Lady Honored

Miss Lombard, president of the Washington State Federation of Women's Clubs, has conferred upon Mrs. John Trumbull of this city the honor cr chairman of the Civic Committee for the W. S. F. W. C. The honor has fallen upon worthy shoulders, and came as a surprise to one of Angeles most popular club women.

Pacific Store Co., Inc.

Lewis Levy, Manager.

I cannot enumerate the different articles I am cutting and slashing prices on. Space will not permit it.

It is Up to You, Ladies,

if you wish to save money on

Blankets, Quilts, Bed Spreads, Bed Sheets, Pillows, Pillow Cases, Wrappers, Kimonas, Night Robes, Sorosis Skirts, Lace Curtains, Facinators, Ladies' Skirts, Suits, Capes, Coats, Furs, Muslin Underwear, Fancy Ribbons, Winter Hats, Umbrellas, etc., etc.

Remember I am going out of the dry goods business and must cut the stock down low.

LEWIS LEVY

Remember

We not only carry the Pony Premo and Premo Cameras—the finest instruments made—but a full line of the celebrated

Eastman's Photo Supplies,

including films, film packs, papers, chemicals, etc.

Investigate the Merits of the Premo.

Mathewson's Drug Store
Near Post Office
Phone 28 Mail your Orders

WANT NOMINEE KEPT OFF TICKET

Plain English Used by State Superintendent of Schools Applies to Case.

The question having been raised as to whether the secondary Normal School certificate held by Miss Annette Trumbull, candidate for county school superintendent, is sufficient to meet the requirements of the law, Auditor Smtih requested of the Attorney General his opinion. The reply states, in part:

"It is my opinion in the case of Miss Trumbull, it would be the best plan for you to place her name upon the official ballot. That would save you and your county, and some of your people at least, considerable trouble. The certificate she holds, I think, would be held by the courts to be equivalent to *at least* a first grade county certificate."

The law requires nine months teaching experience and either a state certificate or life diploma or a first grade common school certificate.

The courses of study for state normal schools are created by the Board of Higher Education, which consists of the State Board of Education together with the principals of the normal school, the state university and the president of the state college. The rules governing the granting of certificates are determined by the State Board of Education.

In regard to a similar case which arose in San Juan county in 1905, where they had and still have a woman for superintendent, the editor of the Islander was informed, in reply to inquiry of the Supt. of Public Instruction, that "this office considers the elementary normal diplomas in this state *a better paper in every respect* than the first grade certificate, and for this reason, acting with the consent of the State Board of Education, this office has for years been following the policy of issuing a first grade certificate at the expiration of the latter There is no doubt that any paper found to be equal or superior to a *first* grade certificate from an educational standpoint would be held sufficient by the court."

The object of the normal school is not education merely. Were that the case, the state university would answer every purpose. In the state normals, normal training comes first; general education second. The student is instructed in the theory of teaching and is daily given actual practice in the work, the classes being composed of the school children of the cities wherein the state normals are located. It is apparent that a year's teaching, under the instruction of the most competent professors the state can employ, using the most modern and latest improved methods, is worth more in actual practice than several years in a country school.

The value of such instruction is appreciated everywhere. It is appreciated by the state as a whole; otherwise the two normals would not be maintained. It is appreciated by the school directors, for the normal student easily secures the best of positions and is always eagerly sought for. It is appreciated by the teachers, for no teacher who takes a pride in his calling, who aspires to be something more than a mere drudge in a backwoods school house, continues to teach long without taking the normal course. Water finds its true level; it is equally certain the teacher who continues year after year in a country school has found his. Thus it is we find every energetic teacher has either taken a normal course, in whole or in part, or is saving money to that end.

The law requires a county superintendent to have at least a first class county certificate. Any high school student can pass the required examination for a second grade. A certain amount of actual experience is also necessary to receive a first grade. Given a high school diploma, experience in teaching, and two-thirds the normal course, a normal student receives an elementary certificate—he has had all that a first grade county certificate calls for, plus the normal training. The examinations he has taken require a better education than is necessary to secure a county certificate.

The more recent the normal training, the more advanced and up to the times, the more valuable the teacher. The value of a county superintendent, whose duty it is to visit the schools and not only look after the records, but the methods of teaching employed, would be greatly enhanced by normal training.

"It would be a pretty contracted sort of a soul who would pronounce the five-year certificate from the State Normal school inferior to the first grade certificate. It covers the ground thoroughly and goes beyond the first grade in requirements."—R. B. Bryan, Supt. of Public Instruction.

FRESH FRUITS

Received every day, the best and latest the market affords. See our stock and compare goods

Goldwater Bros.
Phone 3

HAS NO SUPPORT

Home County Papers Disown Independent Candidate.

The Port Townsend papers are "rubbing it into" Mr. Bishop, and we think justly, for bolting his party nominee and coming out as an independent candidate for the joint senatorship. When a man enters a contest for a political office, is not satisfied with the result, and thereafter announces his determination not to abide by the decision of the majority of his fellows, but bolts the action of the convention, he is, or should be, ever after looked upon as a traitor to his party, and any good service he may have rendered that party in the past is more than overbalanced by his latest action. The world despises the kicker and the bolter, and political parties have no use for them.

Mr. Bishop owes what he is politically to the republicans of Jefferson county and of the joint senatorial district. At their hands he has received political preferment. Because that party, in convention assembled, saw fit in a fair open contest to nominate another man, and thus pass the favors around, Mr. Bishop sulks and is showing his base ingratitude to the party that upheld him. Mr. Bishop will never know that he was running.

The Last Roll Call

Another man who went forth at the call of his country has answered the last roll call, and is now a member of that Grand Army that has passed to the other shore. Frank Anderson is his name and he died Saturday, Oct. 6th, at his home in this city, aged 71 years.

The summons came suddenly. Comrade Anderson was about his daily duties, but complained of a severe pain near hss heart, and lay down about 11 o'clock a. m., passing away at 1:30 p. m. of the same day.

Funeral services were held Monday, Oct. 8th, under the auspices of Pacific Post, G. A. R., of which order deceased was an honored member. State Chaplin Mock conducted the services. Interment was in the soldier's lot, Ocean View Cemetery.

CARD OF THANKS.—We desire hereby to express our heart felt thanks to all those who so kindly extended to us their aid and sympathy in our bereavement in the loss of our husband and father.

Mrs. C. Anderson and Son.

Bridge Fund on Cash Basis

Treasurer Burnside publishes a call in this issue for all outstanding Bridge Fund Warrants, a total of some $3,000, which places that department of the county's business on a strictly cash basis for first time in many years. It is expected that it will be so conducted hereafter, saving the county many dollars in interest.

Harold Jacobs exhibited on the streets Tuesday the skins of three cougars and a bear which he had shot on Seibert's creek. The panthers were especially fine looking animals, having been only partially skinned out. Mr. Jacobs got them by using dogs, which drove them up into trees, where they were easily shot.

Two or three more bear have been shot just at the western edge of town this week; one of them being well inside the residence district. Quite a few have been seen in the suburban blocks.

The Congregational ladies aid will give a chicken pie dinner on election day in the restaurant next door to the creamery.

LAURIDSEN FOR COMMISSIONER

Special Qualifications for Important Position Are Conceded.

It is seldom that a successful business man, a man of undoubted ability, possessing a comprehensive knowledge of the needs of city and county as a whole, can be induced to accept the position of councilman or commissioner. It is seldom that such a man has the time. Seldom that he is willing to take upon his shoulders a part of the innumerable difficulties that are constantly arising in connection with city or county government. The compensation is nothing, or next to it, for the work involved and the time required, let alone the worries and responsibilities.

Mr. Lauridsen, by virtue of his long residence here, his intimate knowledge of the conditions and needs of both the farming and the business interests, and his close connection with many of the enterprises which have been established in the county, has special qualifications for the position of commissioner from the central district, and is in a position to render the best of service to the people as a whole.

That Mr. Lauridsen is on the right side of the two all important questions in Clallam county today cannot be questioned. His views regarding equal taxation are well known; he is unequivocally committed to the securing of a fair and just deal for all. He is and always has been in favor of good roads. On every occasion when the people of Angeles have individually contributed for the improvement of the roads leading to the city, Mr. Lauridsen has been one of the leaders of the movement and a liberal contributor. Were he elected commissioner the road question would be his hobby, and every mile of good road work done his pride.

Mr. Lauridsen was one of the early merchants of Angeles and has prospered in common with her people. Thru all the ups and downs of our city he has retained his abiding faith in the future of this locality, as is evidenced by his varied investments, which today give him a very vital interest in all that tends to the advancement of our county and the proper administration of its affairs.

It is for these reasons we believe the republicans of the middle district made a happy choice in their candidate; for these reasons we believe him entitled to the support of the voters of the county at the coming election.

The Santa Anna, which was beached at Clallam last week, was in the harbor Monday, being towed up sound; she had been lightened sufficiently so that, with her pumps going, the trip could be made.

T. S. BROPHY & CO.

Phone 33

Breakfast Foods

We handle only the very best varieties of Breakfast Foods, bought frequently so they are always crisp and fresh. These are our leaders: Columbia Oats and Wheat; the best premium package on the market.....30c
Violet Pearls of Wheat.....15c
Cream of Wheat.....20c
2 for 35c
Wheat Hearts.....25c
Vitos.....20c
Force.....15c
Malta Vita.....15c
Egg-o-See.....15c
Shredded Wheat Biscuit..15c
2 for 15c
Farina, 10 lb. sack.....40c
Germea.....25c
Quaker Oats.....15c

We are in business to attend to your wants.

CHURCH SERVICES

Congregational Church. Sunday School at 10 a. m. Morning worship at 11:00. Rev. Geo. N. Edwards, pastor. Morning subject, "The Laws of the Kingdom applied to Practical Questions." Evening, "Esau and His Birthright."

Baptist Church, services morning and evening, second and fourth Sunday of each month. Rev. Reid Hale, pastor.

First Church of Christ Scientist: Services will be held at Science Hall, Second St Sunday at 11 o'clock. Sunday school at 12 o'clock. Wednesday evening meetings at 7:30. Reading room open every afternoon from 2 to 5. All are welcome.

Fresh Cranberries 15 cents a quart, at E. W. Merrill & Co.

FOR SALE.

Gilt Edge Business Property, Lots 7 and 8 Block 34, First Street, between Cherry and Valley. Lewis Levy.

Fine Shirts Made to Order

A splendid line of the newest patterns in dainty colored linens and silks, as well as every grade and weight in white, from the famous tailor-made shirt house of Loeb & Co., Louisville. We take your measure, you select the pattern you wish, and if the shirts are not an exact fit and satisfactory in every way you need not take them. Try having your shirts made to fit and you will always buy them that way.

Tailor Made Suits That Fit

Our many years experience in taking measures for made to order suits enables us to secure a correct fit without annoyance or delay. M. Born & Co. of Chicago carry the largest line of fine suitings at the most reasonable prices. We guarantee workmanship and fit. Let us order your fall and winter suit.

S. J. LUTZ & CO.

SOLE AGENTS

Olympic Leader

WEBSTER PUB. CO.

Port Angeles. - - Wash.

Minor Happenings of the Week

The armored cruiser North Carolina was successfully launched Saturday at Newport News, Va.

A report is current in Washington that Senator Platt, of New York, intends to resign his seat in the senate. Not much credence, however, is placed in the report.

The bureau of statistics of the department of commerce and labor has issued a bulletin concerning the commerce of Cuba, showing that it aggregates over $200,000,000 per year.

At New York last week, Martin Sheridan, of the Irish-American Athletic Club, broke the world's record in throwing the discuss, the new mark being 138 feet, 8 inches. His best previous throw was 135 feet, 5 inches.

Two of Ireland's most influential and eloquent representatives in parliament, Messrs. Kettle and Hazleton, are to visit America at the invitation of the Irish League of the United States. They will sail shortly for New York.

A Washington dispatch says it is understood that Lloyd Griscom, now ambassador to Brazil, is to be transferred to St. Petersburg in place of Ambassador Meyer when the latter becomes a member of the president's cabinet.

An emphatic official denial of the reported betrothal of Grand Duke Michael, brother of the czar, and Princess Patricia, niece of King Edward, has been issued at London. The report is also denied from St. Petersburg.

The loss by fire in the United States and Canada during the month of September, as compiled by the Journal of Commerce Bulletin, aggregated $10,852,550, or about $3,000,000 below the record of the same month in 1905. The nine months' losses by fire now reach the sum of $400,007,750, a figure never before equalled in the history of the country.

Rear Admiral Brownlee's squadron of armored cruisers anchored at Athens Wednesday last.

The United States battleship Wisconsin arrived at Honolulu from Yokohama October 3.

According to a Hongkong dispatch the steamer Charterhouse foundered and 61 persons, including Capt. Lifton, were drowned.

The New York World editorially suggests Grover Cleveland to the Democrats of New Jersey, who are seeking a candidate for United States senator.

Fire last week practically destroyed Armstrong, the chief town of the Spallumchene district of British Columbia, for the second time within a decade. Spallumchene is known as the "land of the big apple," and does all its shipping business through Armstrong.

According to the Revue de Commerce Exterieur, a line of steamers has been put on the Pacific between Chile and Japan, says the Daily Consular and Trade Reports. The purpose of those interested is the establishment of close commercial relations between the two countries.

The Octopus, the new submarine addition to the United States navy, was successfully launched last week at the yards of the Fore River Shipbuilding Company at Quincy, Mass. The Octopus is designed to stand a submergence of 100 feet without crushing her plates, and her required speed on the surface is twelve knots.

CHICAGO'S NEW THEATRE

First Subscription House in the United States Dedicated.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—The new theater dedicated to artistic drama and claiming to be the first subscription house in the United States, opened its doors for the public for the first time last night.

The audience filled the theater to its capacity and was one of exceptional brilliancy.

A triple bill was offered, that every member of the company might be introduced. The plays were "Unsainara," a one-act poetic comedy, translated from the French; "Engaged," by W. S. Gilbert, and "Marse Covington," a character sketch by George Ade.

A new bill will be offered every two weeks.

La Follette Will Testify

St. Paul, Oct. 6.—Senator Robert M. La Follette, of Wisconsin, it is announced, has agreed to appear as a witnesss before the Minnesota state railroad and warehouse commission, which is now holding a hearing regarding the reasonableness of commodity rates in this state, and give testimony concerning the existence of "yellow dog" funds said to have been contributed to by the railroads to bring about his political downfall. Senator La Follette has not only agreed to appear himself, but to bring other witnesses to substantiate his testimony.

WASHINGTON NEWS

The Northwest Baptist convention opened at Mount Vernon Monday.

The Seattle board of education has fixed the school tax levy at 6 mills.

An eight-pound rainbow trout was caught in Cedar river by a Seattle fisherman last week. It measured 30 inches in length.

In a suit at Ritzville, the stock law passed by the lelegislature last year has been declared unconstitutional by Judge Warren.

Washington postmasters: William Cranford, at Pysht, vice M. A. Hopi, resigned, and Jennie Swaint, at Sauk, vice T. W. Sullivan, resigned.

A. W. Heming, cashier of the Farmers and Merchants bank, at Cheney, has been arrested on a warrant charging him with receiving money when he knew the bank was insolvent.

Plans have been drawn and are now ready for inspection for a building that will double the capacity of the federal penitentiary at McNeills island, and add room for 130 more prisoners. The improvements will cost approximately $50,000.

Announcements are out for the meeting of the Washington Educational Association, which is to be held in Bellingham during the holiday week in December of this year. This is the twentieth annual meeting of the association. The last meeting was held at North Yakima.

Members of the Pacific Coast Lumber Manufacturers' Association, the Southwestern Washington Lumbermen's Association and the Shingle Mills bureau, at a meeting in Seattle Saturday afternoon, decided to bring suit to compel the railroads to give the lumbermen a just proportion of the equipment with which to handle their pronduct.

Six prisoners escaped from the Seattle city jail Thursday.

Gov. Mead has declined an invitation from the Ohio state central committee asking him to stump the state in political interests. The governor expects to be busy in the state of Washington.

What is said to be the deepest well in Douglas county was completed on Frank Wosoba's ranch, ten miles north of Wilson Creek last week. It is 640 feet deep and has a flow of water that cannot be lowered by pumps.

The Mukilteo Lumber Company broke all its shipping records by sending out during the month of September 7,067,000 feet of lumber. But for the scarcity of ships and cars the figure would have been much larger.

Arragements for a football game between the University of Washington and Oregon Agricultural College on Saturday. October 27 have been nearly completed. This is the only date which has been doubtful in the University of Washington schedule.

The Washington state railway commission is preparing a new railroad map of the state of Washington, which it expects to issue in the near future. The proofs have already been submitted to the commission for correction in any details as to namse, mileage of the roads or other data shown on the map.

Congressman Gillett Resigns

Sacramento, Cal., Oct. 6.—The resignation of Congressman Gillett has been officially received at the governor's office. The election proclamation will be issued at once. Gillett is the Republican nominee for governor.

Canadians Buy American Logs

New Westminster, B. C., Oct. 8.—Canadian mill men are now purchasing their logs on the American side of the line and towing them across at a towage cost of about 50 to 75 cents a thousand.

SEATTLE MARKET REPORT

Purchasing Prices.

The following prices are offered to the producer by the local dealers for delivery in round lots f. o. b. Seattle, and are subject to change without notice:

Grain—Oats, $24.00@24.50 per ton; barley, $20@21.00; wheat, chicken feed, $22@24; bran, $16; shorts, $18; corn, $27.

Hay—Eastern Washington, $16@17 per ton; Puget sound, $10@11; alfalfa, $10@11.

Eggs—Strictly fresh ranch, 36@38c

Poultry—Live hens, 15@16c per lb; old roosters, 9½@10c; ducks, old, 13c, young, 16c; geese, 12c; turkeys, 17c; spring chickens, 15@17c lb.

Wool—Eastern Washington, 15@18c per lb; Western Washington, 20@23c; dirty or timber-stained, 18@20c.

Live Stock—Sheep, wethers, 6c per lb; ewes 5@5½c; hogs, 6½@7c; steers, 4½c; cows, 3½c; calves, 5@7c; lambs, $3@5 per head.

Tacoma Quotations.

Wheat—Club, 66c; bluestem, 69c; red, 63c.

Oats $26.00@27.00; rolled oats, $27@28.00.

Hay, Alfalfa, etc.—Wheat hay, $13@14.50; timothy, $18@20; mixed, $13@17; clover, $15@16; alfalfa, $12.50@13.50

Feed—Corn, $27; wheat, $24; barley, whole grain, $21.50; rolled, $23.50; bran, $15.50@16.50; shorts $18.00@19.00.

Poultry—Turkeys, dressed, 25c; chickens, dressed 19, ducks, dressed, 15c; geese, dressed 16c.; Live—Hens, 14c; spring chickens, 14@15c; ducks 11c; geese, 11c.

Butter—Washington creamery, 31.

Eggs—Washington ranch, 36

CONSPIRACY CHARGE

STANDARD OIL TRIAL BEGINS AT FINDLAY, OHIO.

Present Suit Is Brought in State Courts Under Valentine Law of 1898--Validity of the Statute Will Be Tested--Rockefeller Case Afterwards.

Findlay, O., Oct. 9.—Charged with "conspiracy against trade" in violation of the anti-trust laws of the state, the Standard Oil Company of Ohio and its alleged constituent companies, the Buckeye Pipe Line Company and the Manhattan Oil Company, will be placed on trial here today before Judge Gideon G. Banker and a jury in the probate court of Hancock county.

In the original information filed last June by County Prosecutor William L. David, John D. Rockefeller was made a party to the proceedings, but through the granting of a request for a separate trial Mr. Rockefeller will not be called as a defendant until the case against the company has been disposed of. Mr. Rockefeller will not be summoned as a witness and will not attend the trial.

If the manner of instituting the proceedings—by information instead of by grand jury indictment—and the jurisdiction assumed by the probate court are upheld in the higher courts, the case will assume added importance as indicating an easier and more direct method for action against alleged trade conspiracies.

Defense Questions Jurisdiction.

Both the manner of instituting the proceedings and the jurisdiction of the probate court have been questioned by the attorneys for the defense, but Judge Banker has decided against them on all points, and no appeal can be taken on these preliminary questions until the case has been tried.

Judge Banker ruled that a violation of the Valentine law constitutes a misdemeanor and that the last session of the legislature gave probate courts concurrent jurisdiction with common pleas courts over all misdemeanors. To this ruling, as well as to that on other technical points, the defense took exceptions.

The Valentine law, under which the proceedings were brought, was passed July 1, 1898. It defines a trust elaborately as a combination of capital, skill or acts by two or more persons, firms, etc., to create or carry out restrictions in trade.

Penalties Prescribed by Statute.

The violations of the act are defined as "conspiracy against trade," and are punishable by a fine of from $50 to $5,000 or imprisonment from six to twelve months.

As to the evidence required to convict, the statute says:

"It shall be sufficient to prove that a trust or combination as defined herein exists and that the defendant belonged to it or acted for or in connection with it, without proving all the members belonging to it, or proving or producing any article of agreement or any written instrument on which it may have been based, or that it was evidenced by any written instrument at all. The character of the trust or combination alleged may be established by proof of its general reputation as such."

ST. JOHN IS SET FREE

Colorado District Attorney Admits He Has No Evidence to Convict.

Grand Junction, Colo., Oct. 8—Vincent St. John, ex-president of the Telluride miners' union and prominently identified with the Western Federation of Miners, is again a free man, all charges against him having been dropped by the state.

"We were unable to verify certain evidence against St. John and rather than go to trial with a weak case we decided to abandon further prosecution against him," is the way District Attorney Selig put it. District Judge Stevens promptly ordered St. John's release.

St. John had been out on bonds under the charge of being responsible for the strike riot of 1900 at Telluride, when a man named Burnham was killed. St. John, after leaving Telluride, went to Idaho. He was arrested for complicity in the assassination of ex-Gov. Steunenberg, of Idaho, but later released and immediately re-arrested, charged with the murder of Burnham in Telluride, and brought to Colorado. He was placed in jail and a strong guard thrown around the jail to prevent what was alleged to be an attempt to rescue him.

Three weeks later the evidence did not appear to be so strong and he was released on a $10,000 bond. His case dragged along until at this term of court the prosecuting attorney announced that he had no evidence on which to hold him, and he was released.

Shocks Last Two Hours

London, Oct. 6.—Cabling from Sydney, N. S. W., the correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "Seismographs here and at Perth recorded an earthquake Tuesday noon lasting for two hours. The government astronomers believe there was a disturbance somewhere eclipsing the disaster at San Francisco." The Daily Mail says there was a similar record made in John Milne's observatory on the Isle of Wight.

CONTRACT FOR CANAL

Isthmian Commission Will Soon Publish Specifications.

Washington, ct. 9.—It has finally been decided that the Panama canal will be completed by contract. In a few days the isthmian canal commission will make public a statement setting forth its reasons for favoring the contract system, and at that time a form of contract will also probably be published, showing exactly the sort of document believed by the commission to be necessary for safeguarding the work.

President Roosevelt is known to support the commission in its position that the work can be done better by contract than by the government. He had a long conference wth Chairman Shonts yesterday on the subject and the various arguments in favor of the contract system were discussed.

This change in building the canal will in no way affect the employment of Chinese labor. Proposals for furnishing Chinese labor were made under such conditions that they can be transferred to contractors, and the terms can be fulfilled in such a manner that the government can give the coolies just as much pay as if the government were the direct employer.

President Roosevelt still intends to visit the isthmus this fall, and unless there be some change for the worse in the Cuban situation will probably leave for Colon a short time after the election.

MILWAUKEE'S STOCK TO BE INCREASED $150,000,000

Milwaukee, Oct. 8.—A resolution was passed at the directors' meeting of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, at its headquarters here last Saturday, authorizing the increasing of both the common and preferred stock of the company each $75,000,000.

The resolution authorizing the increase provides that the directors may issue the whole or any part of the amount voted that they deem necessary.

This announcement came as a partial solution of the puzzle which has involved the Wisconsin Central railway, which has during the past week been the subject of much gossip.

The Wisconsin Central has been reported sold to a dozen different railways, but in the Milwaukee road's big issue of stock is expected to be eventually found the solution of this question.

To Build to Seattle

When the annual meeting was held a week ago the outside estimate of the cost of the Pacific coast extension was placed at $75,000,000.

Of this amount more than $25,000,000 was raised by the sale of stock the past summer, which was authorized two years ago. It was expected that the balance of the sum needed would be raised by a bond issue or sale of notes to French financiers, who a few months ago provided money in a similar manner for the Pennsylvania. Now, however, it is evident that the Milwaukee road depends on its own country for raising the funds for the extension to Seattle. This will account for a largep ortion of the stock issue. The balance, however, is not explained.

One report here is that the Milwaukee road is not content with projecting a line to the Puget sound country, but proposes to send a feeder down to the south from the present proposed terminals at Seattle and Tacoma, to get some of the business originating at San Francisco.

CLEAN TOWN IN MASON

Prohibition Colony to Be Established by Wealthy Architect.

Tacoma, Oct. 8.—A city without a saloon, brothel, theater or Sunday cigar store is in process of incubation for the state of Washington. William Arthur, an architect, of Omaha, Neb., intends to establish a city in which the prohibitionists will control and he has selected this state for his colony.

In a letter to Rev. Mr. Ketchum, of this city, Arthur says he is negotiating for land in Mason county, which he expects to secure, and he will then proceed to organize his colony and city. He is looking for 5,000 people to colonize there and build a city. Every deed for land will contain a clause forever prohibiting its use for any saloon, brewery or distillery. Municipal ownership of all public utilities, including street railways, will be the order and other advanced ideas of government will be incorporated in the new community.

Arthur is a man of considerable means and he is enlisting citizens in the project all over the United States.

Japanese Labor Party

Victoria, B. C., Oct. 8.—According to Japanese newspapers received here by the steamer Athenian a Japanese labor party has just been launched at Tokyo, with a platform which seeks among other things a general increase of wages and dimunition of the difference in the rate of wages paid men and women respectively; a decrease in the hours of labor and the grant of suffrage to all adults, both men and women. The party also opposes the present monopolization of productive industries.

To Withdraw Coal Lands

Washington, Oct. 8.—It is understood that the president has made up his mind to finally withdraw all of the coal lands of the country not already taken up under the land laws of the United States. The expectation is that he will, by special message, request congress to change the statutes, but that meanwhile he will himself temporarily withdraw the coal lands from further entry.

BIDS ARE DESIRED

PANAMA CANAL COMMISSION ISSUES INVITATIONS.

Whole of the Work, It Is Specified, Must Be Undertaken By One Corporation and Work Will Be Under Government Supervision.

Washington, Oct. 10.—Invitations for proposals to complete the Panama canal have been issued by the canal commission, and the form of the contract under which the work is to be done has been made public by Chairman Shonts, who also gave out a letter written to the Secretary of war, giving the commission's reasons for contracting the work.

The contract provides that each bidder must undertake the entire work of construction. No bar will be offered to corporations associating in the undertaking, but they must be legally organized into a single body with which the government can deal. Bidders will not be considered who do not have available capital of $5,000,000. A certified check for $200,000 is required with each proposal, and a bond of $3,000,000 will be required from the successful bidder.

Not Limited to Americans

The bidding is not limited to American contractors. All proposals are to be in before noon of December 12, when they will be opened. Proposals are to be expressed in terms of percentage upon the estimated cost of construction, which is to be fixed by a board of five engineers, three representing the government and two representing the contractor. The chief engineer of the canal commission is to be chairman of the engineering board. The engineering board will also estimate a reasonable time for the completion of the canal and will agree upon a system of premiums and penalties for the contractor according as the work is completed within on beyond the estimated cost and time. All the government plant for actual construction work, including the railway, is to be placed at the disposal of the contractor and is to be maintained by the government.

The contract specifies that the commission is to retain control of all engineering work in connection with the construction of the canal, also municipal engineering, the police, sanitary. hospital and commisary departments, mess houses, quarters, the construction and maintenance of buildings, operation of the Panama railway, an auditing department, to which contractors' accounts are to be open, and a department of materials and supplies.

Sixty days after the signing of the contract actual work is to begin on the isthmus, and the contractor is to take over all employes on the isthmus which the commission does not wish to retain. No American employes are to work more than eight hours.

Chairman Shonts defends the percentage system of payment in his letter to Secretary Taft as follows:

The Percentage Plan

"This plan is being employed by the oldest, largest and most successful corporations in the country.

"The government will get the benefit of the combined efforts of the best and most experienced contractors in the world, each in charge of a department in which he is a specialist and co-operating with other specialists.

"The government will secure the co-operation of these powerful interests in keeping mechanics of all classes.

"The plan offers every incentive for speedy and economical construction by penalizing extra time and cost and rewarding better than contract performance to either.

"By retaining control of work and keeping strict supervision through its engineering force the government will protect itself against cheap and faulty construction."

STATE HOTEL LAW IS DECLARED NOT VALID

Ritzville, Wash., Oct. 9.—"It is just as reasonable to send a man to jail for failing to pay for a pound of sugar as for failing to pay a board bill," was one of the comments by Judge W. T. Warren in the district court, in deciding that the "law regulating the liabilities of innkeepers, an act for the protection of hotels. boarding houses, lodging houses, and providing penalty for violation thereof" was unconstitutional and that no conviction could be secured under its provisions.

Allen Davis was charged by the state with non-payment of a board bill of $10, alleged to be due L. P. Martin, of the Model restaurant here. He was discharged when the court held the law to be unconstitutional. This establishes a precedent in such cases.

Judge Warren held that the law was unconstitutional on the grounds that the title did not state in what manner hotelkeepers and others shall be protected and that there was nothing in the title to indicate what the penalty was for.

"This law is intended to provide for imprisonment for debt," said Judge Warren, "which is in violationn of the constitution of the state of Washington and the constitution of the United States."

NEW TOWN ON GRAY'S BAY

Hill Said to Have Plans for Metropolis at Mouth of Columbia River.

Portland, Or., Oct. 8.—A Seattle special to the Oregonian says:

The Great Northern and Northern Pacific have purchased all the land surrounding Grays bay and will build the town of St. James at that point, 16 miles inside the Columbia river bar. This is to be the terminus of the Hill extension from a point south of Kelso westward toward the Pacific and the town, Hill announces, will be the ultimate metropolis of the Coast.

As much as possible of the foreign shipping over the Hill lines will be diverted to this metropolis and there will not at any time be given an opportunity for speculators to interfere with the plans for building a town. Original plans of the railroad contemplated a town on Tillamook bay and trans-shipment from that point to San Francisco, but property owners at Knappton wanted too much money, so Grays bay was chosen.

Soundings and surveys of water and land have been completed and Grays bay is to be the new townsite.

LEASE OF ORE LANDS

Great Northern Deal With Steel Trust Is Completed.

New York, Oct. 8.—E. H. Gray, chairman of the board of directors of the United States Steel Corporation, has announced that the companies controlled by the corporation have acquired the Hill ore lands in the Northwest. Judge Cary's announcement was as follows:

"After long negotiations a contract has been signed for the acquisition on a royalty basis, of the Hill ore properties, so called, by the companies controlled by the United States Steel Corporation. The quantity of ore has not been accurately determined, but it is a large body.

"The price to be paid is $1.65 per ton delivered at the upper lake docks, with an increase of ¾ of a cent per ton each succeeding year The minimum agreed to be mined is 750,000 tons per year until it reaches 8,250,000 tons, and thereafter continue on that basis.

"It is believed that the completion of this agreement will result in great benefit to both parties. The lease of the ore properties is practically perpetual, since it holds until the ore has been exhausted."

EQUALIZED VALUATION WASHINGTON PROPERTY

Olympia, Oct. 8.—The total valuation of all property in the state of Washington, as equalized by the state board, is $530,209,882, an increase of more than $8,000,000 from the figures turned in by the counties and an increase of $201,667,357 from the state board's equalized values for last year. Railroad tracks are shown to have increased from $20,000,000 to $31,000,000. Real estate was increased from $244,000,000 to 416,000,000, and the personnal property from $64,000,000 to $82,000,000.

For Relief of Storm Sufferers

Washington, Oct. 6.—The American National Red Cross Society has decided to receive contributions for the relief of the storm sufferers in the Gulf states and has sent instructions to the state branches of the organization asking them to make announcement that they will receive money for the purpose indicated. Persons living in states which have no Red Cross branch may send their contributions to the national treasurer, Charles Hallam Keep, assistant secretary of the United States treasury.

Around the World in Forty Days

Victoria, B. C., Oct. 6.—Mail advices from Yokohama state that at a conference between the Russian Asiatic Steamship Company and the Japanese lines at Vladivostok, it was decided to establish weekly alternate steamship service between North Japan and Vladivostok, and the Russian Asiatic line announced it would extend its line to San Francisco. Officials announced that they would form connecting arrangements by which a traveler could journey around the world in forty days.

One Board for Normal Schools

Salem, Or., Oct. 8—At their session here the members of the department of superintendence of the state teachers' association, decided without a dissenting vote to favor the placing of all state normal schools under the control of a single board. There were one or two superintendents who said that they had not fully determined the matter in their own minds and therefore would not vote on the question.

Provincial Fair Awards

New Westminster, B. C., Oct. 8.—Awards for the district exhibits at the fair were made Saturday afternoon, and Chillawack carried off the highest honors, winning the perpetual challenge shield presented by Sir Thomas Dewar, the $500 cash prize awarded by the fair management and the diploma. The second prize of $400 went to Langley and the third prize to Richmond.

Czar and Family Return

St. Petersburg, Oct. 6.—The emperor and the members of the imperial family, who have been cruising in Finnish waters, have returned to Peterhof and will move almost immediately to their winter residence at Tsarkoe-Selo. The police are examining the passports of all strangers in the vicinity of Tsarkoe-Selo.

General Debility

Day in and day out there is that feeling of weakness that makes a burden of itself.

Food does not strengthen.

Sleep does not refresh.

It is hard to do, hard to bear, what should be easy,—vitality is on the ebb, and the whole system suffers.

For this condition take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

It vitalizes the blood and gives vigor and tone to all the organs and functions.

In usual liquid form or in chocolated tablets known as **Sarsatabs.** 100 doses $1.

Blackberry Vinegar.

Put the blackberries into a stone vessel and mash them to a pulp. Add cider vinegar enough to cover it well, stand in the sun twelve hours and all night in the cellar, stir well occasionally during this time, strain and put as many fresh berries in the jar as you took out; pour the strained vinegar over them; wash and set in the sun all day. To each quart of this juice, allow one pint of water and five and one-half pounds of sugar to three pints of the mingled juice and water. Place over a gentle fire and stir until the sugar is dissolved. Heat slowly to boiling, skimming off the scum, and as it fairly boils take off the strain. Bottle while warm and seal the corks with sealing wax, or beeswax and rosin.

In Pennsylvania there is a demand for the imprisonment of the directors who permitted a bank president to wreck the institution without their knowledge. The directors are, of course, surprised to learn that they were expected to direct.

"20-MULE-TEAM" BORAX SOAP

Contains Pure Borax, Nature's Cleanser and Whitener, hence makes clothes snowy white, hygienically clean and will not injure the finest fabrics, shrink flannels or cause colors to run.

SAVES HANDS, CLOTHES, LABOR

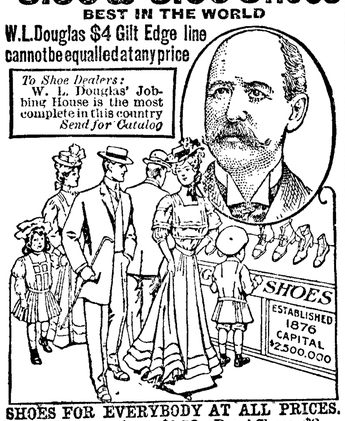
ALL GROCERS. Free Sample for top from pound cartoon 20-Mule-Team Borax and dealer's name, your name and address and 5 cents, stamps, including 32-page booklet and Souvenir Picture, 7x14 in 10 colors FREE. Address PACIFIC COAST BORAX CO, Oakland, Cal.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 & $3.00 Shoes

BEST IN THE WORLD

W.L.Douglas $4 Gilt Edge line cannot be equalled at any price

To Shoe Dealers: W. L. Douglas' Jobbing House is the most complete in this country *Send for Catalog*



SHOES FOR EVERYBODY AT ALL PRICES.

Men's Shoes, $5 to $1.50. Boys' Shoes, $3 to $1.25. Women's Shoes, $4.00 to $1.50. Misses' & Children's Shoes, $2.25 to $1.00.

Try W. L. Douglas Women's, Misses and Children's shoes; for style, fit and wear they excel other makes.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W.L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other make.

Wherever you live, you can obtain W. L. Douglas shoes. His name and price is stamped on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and inferior shoes. *Take no substitute.* Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes and insist upon having them.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Dept. 13, Brockton, Mass

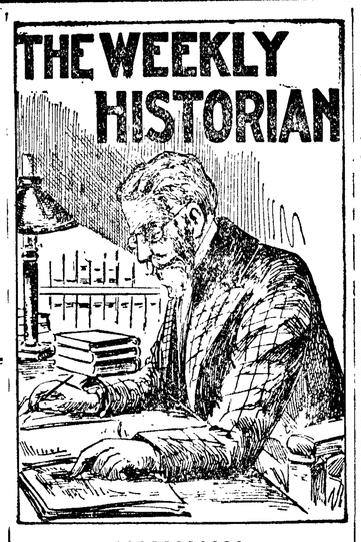
Black Facing Stallion six years old for sale, or trade, for land or anything, of equal value. We brought this fine horse from Denver, Colo., and now we need an auto in our business and will offer him for sale. He will make $1000 per year in any good horse country. He is a sure foal getter, and they are all fine ones. Any one looking for the best Road Horse in the state should see this Beauty.

Marsh & George, Real Estate & Business Opportunities, 419 Pioneer Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

BEUTEL BUSINESS COLLEGES

Leading Schools of Business in the Northwest. Send for large illustrated Catalog. Positions Guaranteed.

Address either TACOMA or EVERETT, WASHINGTON.



1290—Edward I. exiled Jews from England on penalty of death.

1565—Spaniards, under Gov. Menendez, landed at St. Augustine.

1595—English force under Drake and Hawkins sailed on expedition against Spanish settlements in the West Indies.

1609—Hudson discovered Delaware bay.

1620—English pilgrims sailed from Plymouth in Mayflower.

1645—Treaty of peace between the New England colonies and Narragansett Indians.

1690—King William forced to raise the siege of Limerick after great loss.

1708—Haverhill, Mass., burned by French and Indians.

1757—Battle of Norkettin between the Russians and Prussians.

1779—French fleet captured off Charleston, S. C.

1781—Washington and Rochambeau received in Philadelphia.

1801—French evacuated Egypt in favor of the British.

1804—Planet Juno discovered by Prof. Harding of Gothingen.

1814—City of Alexandria, Va., capitulated to the British....Bombardment of Fort Erie continued by the British.

1816—Treaty signed by Algiers and England, by which Christian slavery was to be abolished.

1818—New York State prison at Auburn opened.

1833—Twelve thousand houses destroyed by fire in Constantinople.

1849—Convention at Monterey, Cal., to frame State constitution...Russians captured Fort Achulga.

1854—Maria Christinia, Queen mother of Spain, fled from Madrid to escape the wrath of the people.

1860—Street railways first introduced in England.

1861—Bombardment and capture of forts Hatteras and Clark, N. C.

1862—Union forces defeated in battle near Richmond, Ky.

1870—Capitulation of Sedan by the French.

1884—Steamer Belmont capsized in Ohio river; 15 lives lost.

1896—British bombarded palace of Sultan of Zanzibar.

1897—Boston subway opened.

1898—Col. Henry, who forged evidence against Dreyfus, committed suicide ....Czar proposed an international peace conference.

1902—Volcanic eruption of Mount Pelee.

1903—Caleb Powers found guilty of complicity in Gov. Goebel murder in Kentucky.

1904—Desperate attacks of Japanese at Liaoyang repulsed by the Russians.

1905—Edwin I. Holmes, Jr., indicted in the government cotton report scandal ....Japanese and Russian envoys at Portsmouth reached peace agreement.

The College Bred Farmer.

Prof. L. H. Bailey, director of the Cornell university college of agriculture, in the third of his series of articles for The Century, gives the result of his inquiry among his students as to what practical use they expected to put their education. Of the 179 replies received, seventy-eight were those of students reared on the farm. Of these, sixty-eight desired to go into practical farming and then to teaching and experimental work. Of the sixty-nine students reared in town or city, forty-four wish to go into practical farming, fourteen into teaching, eight into landscape gardening and the rest undecided. Of the fourteen women students, two want to become practical farmers and twelve teachers of nature study and agriculture. Of the eighteen foreign students, fifteen wish to return to the farm and three to enter experimental work. Prof. Bailey says that the agricultural college is now teaching from the farm rather than from the academic point of view

We Trust Doctors

If you are suffering from impure blood, thin blood, debility, nervousness, exhaustion, you should begin at once with Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the Sarsaparilla you have known all your life. Your doctor knows it, too. Ask him about it.

Unless there is daily action of the bowels, poisonous products are absorbed, causing headache, biliousness, nausea, dyspepsia, and thus preventing the Sarsaparilla from doing its best work. Ayer's Pills are liver pills. Act gently, all vegetable.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of

Ayer's HAIR VIGOR. AGUE CURE. CHERRY PECTORAL.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

A TERRIBLE EXPERIENCE.

How a Veteran Was Saved the Amputation of a Limb.

B. Frank Doremus, veteran, of Roosevelt Ave., Indianapoils, Ind., says: "I had been showing symptoms of kidney trouble from the time I was mustered out of the army, but in all my life I never suffered as in 1897. Headaches, dizziness and sleeplessness first, and then dropsy. I was weak and helpless, having run down from 180 to 125 pounds. I was having terrible pain in the kidneys and the secretions passed almost involuntarily. My left leg swelled until it was 34 inches around, and the doctor tapped it night and morning until I could no longer stand it, and then he advised amputation. I refused, and began using Doan's Kidney Pills. The swelling subsided gradually, the urine became natural and all my pains and aches disappeared. I have been well now for nine years since using Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Apple Taffy.

Boil together a pound of granulated sugar and a teacupful of cold water until a little dropped into cold water is brittle. Wipe each apple, run a skewer through it, dip in the scalding sirup and lay on waxed paper to dry.

To Make Harness Last Longer.

A little economy, which sometimes means a good many dollars to a man, is the proper care of harness, carriage-tops, etc. Leather in daily use, exposed as it is to sun and wind, soon becomes dry, hard, inelastic, and unable to stand strain. Then, very likely at the most unfortunate moment, a break occurs, and precious time and money are lost. All this is easily prevented by a little forethought and care on the part of the owner. Every one owning horses should be supplied with a good leather preservative, and a good axle oil. These two things are necessary to the largest economical use of a working outfit, or a pleasure equipage.

Observation has shown that no oil penetrates leather so deeply, and resists the drying effect of sun and wind so well as Eureka Harness Oil.

Neatsfoot and some other inferior oils sometimes used, easily become rancid, or because of containing acid, hurt the leather. Stable men and others posted on the subject, invariably use Eureka Harness Oil. When harness is given an occasional dressing of this oil, and wagon spindles greased with Boston Coach Oil, a very large reduction is made in the necessary repair bills. Boston Coach Oil, by the way, is very much superior to Castor Oil. It has splendid lasting qualities, will not gum or corrode, and is more economical in every way.

People who are after economy in stable management will do well to ask for these oils.

The New York newspaper man who is to marry a rich girl may be a poor reporter without being a poor reporter.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

Grape Pie.

Wash and stem ripe, acid grapes. To two cups of the fruit add a cup of granulated sugar, mix well and put into a pie plate lined with puff paste. Fit on an upper crust and bake. Serve cold with sugar strewn over the top of the pie.

To Break in New Shoes.

Always shake in Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures chilblains, damp, sweating, aching, swollen feet. Cures Corns and Bunions. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Don't accept any hubstitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y.

"The man who kicks without a cause is a common liar," says "Uncle Joe" Cannon. Likewise an uncommon idiot, when there are so many good causes for kicking.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Because she is unable to get a pair of ready-made shoes that are large enough to fit her a girl has had to postpone her wedding. Ladies with large feet ought always to have new shoes ready for emergencies.

WANTED—Alder bolts or logs by Wash. Broom & W. W. Co., Seattle.

Watermelon Preserves.

Cut the freshened rind in small pieces, and if there is a little of the pink fruit still adhering, all the better; weigh the rind, also sugar, using 15 ounces of sugar to a pound of fruit; make a sirup of the sugar with half a cup of water and half an ounce of ginger root to every 15 ounces; boil until clear and tender. Seal in cans. This preserve may also be made without freshening the rind.

FITS St. Vitus' Dance and all Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

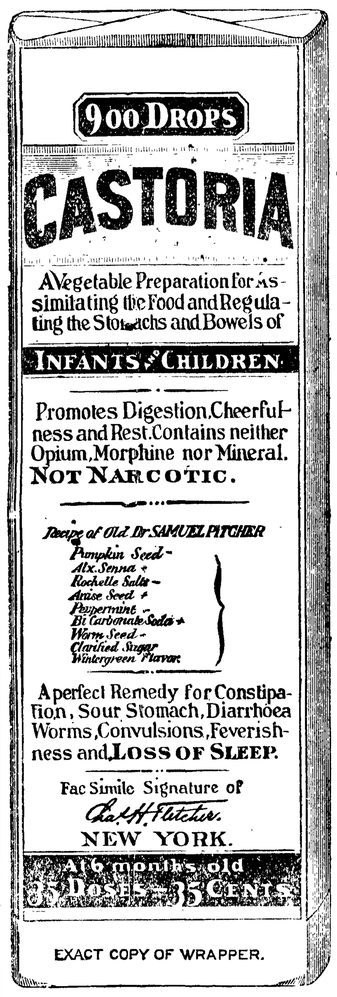
"What is Japan doing?" asks an exchange. Whatever it is, Japan is doing it, and not talking about it.

If a wise man were asked what was the greatest fault of the American people he would have to say that it was the belief that laws can be framed that will execute themselves. If a man is at the head of a great business establishment he makes a multitude of rules and regulations for the economical and expeditious conduct of the business, but he never dreams that if these rules and regulations are only wisely drawn he can dispense with all personal watchcare and all exercise of his authority from day to day and hour to hour. When it comes to governing a city, a State or a Nation this same man is a wholly different person. Public officers are only the people's employes, but he thinks they will all attend to their business if only the laws and ordinances are wisely drawn. Even when he sees that the interests of the community are betrayed and sacrificed by these officials his first and only thought is that the laws are to blame. Now, there never were any laws that would execute themselves. Under a monarchial form of government the laws are always well executed because it is to the interest of the monarch to execute them. Under a democratic form of government the power to execute is dissociated from the interest in execution. It is in a low sense to the interest of public officers not to execute the laws and the people stand in the position of the monarch. They are the sufferers if the laws are not executed and the laws will never be executed unless they use the greatest diligence in watching and disciplining their officials. This is something the American people are too lazy or indifferent or preoccupied to do. There is not an evil in society that they could not remedy through existing laws if they were not too lazy or selfish to undertake it. Being hopelessly lazy and indifferent, they propose to cure everything by a new law. It is just as if a sea captain should undertake to navigate the ocean by a revision of the navigation laws without setting a watch at night or keeping a man at the wheel.

Banana Fritters.

Cut peeled bananas into halves lengthwise, then across, and dip in fritter batter. Fry in deep hot fat and serve with a lemon sauce. The sauce for fritters should always be clear, and generally no thickening is used, or else a little arrowroot is taken, which makes transparent thickening. Make a sirup by cooking one cup of sugar with five tablespoons of water for eight minutes, and be sure not to cook it longer, for ten or twelve minutes will make it thread. Add one and one-half tablespoons of lemon juice and a rounding teaspoon of butter.

Patti's exit is now dated 1907. This precision is alarming.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Send in your orders for Christmas

Logging and PROSPECTING SHOES

R. L. BEATTIE, Flyer Dock, SEATTLE, Wash.

PATENTS

BARNES & SEATTLE

STARR-BOYD BLOCK

SEND FOR BOOK ON PATENTS

If you have any Alder timber to sell write the Wash Broom & W. W. Co., Seattle.

LAND SCRIP Bought and Sold

Approved Forest Reserve and Railroad Scrip for surveyed, unsurveyed, timbered or prairie land; approved United States Military Bounty Land Warrants; Recertified Soldiers' Additional Scrip; all kinds of Land Scrip bought and sold.

H. M. HAMILTON, The Portland, Portland, Or.

HEAVES CURED! A remedy for lung, throat and wind troubles. Cures Heaves, Coughs, Distemper and Indigestion. Veterinarians use and recommend

PRUSSIAN HEAVE POWDERS

Druggists will get them. Price 50c at dealer, 60c by mail. Send for Free book.

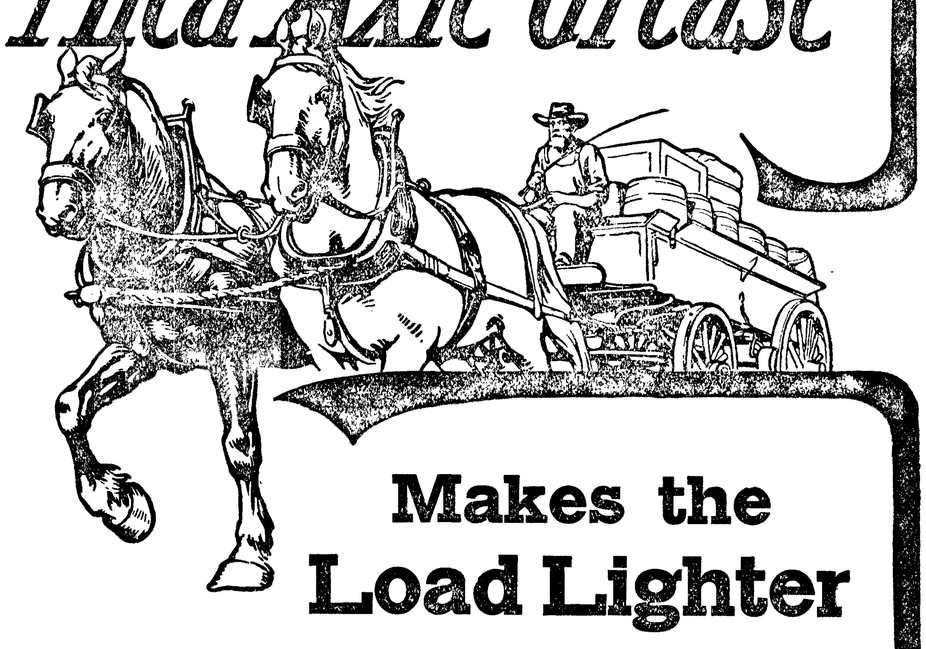
PRUSSIAN REMEDY CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

CHAS. H. LILLY CO., Seattle and Portland, Wholesale Agts

S. N. U. No. 42 —1906

WHEN writing to advertisers please mention this paper.

Mica Axle Grease



Makes the Load Lighter

An ounce of grease is sometimes the **only** difference between profit and loss on a day's teaming. **You know** you can't afford a dry axle — do you know as well that Mica Axle Grease is the only lubricant you can afford? Mica Axle Grease is the most economical lubricant, because it **alone** possesses high lubricating property, great adhesive power, and long-wearing quality. Hence, the longest profitable use of your outfit is to be had, **only** when the lubricant is Mica Axle Grease.

Mica Axle Grease contains powdered mica. This forms a smooth, hard surface on the axle, and reduces friction, while a specially prepared mineral grease forms an effective cushioning body between axle and box. Mica Axle Grease wears best and longest — one greasing does for a week's teaming. Mica Axle Grease saves horse power — consequently saves feed. Mica Axle Grease is the **best lubricant in the world** — use it and draw a double load. If your dealer does not keep Mica Axle Grease we will tell you one who does.

Standard Oil Co.

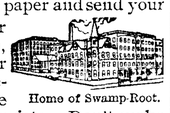
DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, uric acid, catarrh of the bladder and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work and in private practice, and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper, who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root, and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles are sold by all good druggists. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Notice of Sale

of Real Estate by Administrator at Private Sale.

Notice is hereby given that, under and by virtue of authority given by an order of the Superior Court, of the State of Washington for Clallam County, dated the 6th day of October, 1906, in the matter of the estate of William A. Nichols, deceased, I will sell, at private sale, the following described real estate belonging to said estate, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to-wit:

Lots numbered 3 and 4 in block numbered 384, Port Angeles, Wash.

Said sale will be made on or after Saturday, the 3d day of November 1906, and sealed bids for the whole of said real estate or for either of said lots will be received by the undersigned at the office of James G. McClinton, opposite the court house, Port Angeles, Wash., up to 9 o'clock A. M. of said 3d day of November, or bids may be sent to me by U. S. mail at Port Angeles, in care of said McClinton. Each bid must be accompanied by a check or cash for ten per cent of the amount bid, and the balance of the successful bid or bids must be paid in cash on confirmation of the sale by the Superior Court. Deposits of unsuccessful bidders will be returned personally or by U. S. mail. The right is reserved to reject any bid for insufficiency of amount bid, or for any other good cause.

Joseph Krajewski, Administrator of the estate of William A. Nichols, deceased.

Dated October 12th, 1906.

Local Advertising Rates.

Local Reading Notices, per line.....5c
Lodge Resolutions, per line.....5c
Cards of Thanks, per line.....5c
Half rate made on advertising done for Church and Charity pay entertainments.
Summons, tax and ordinary, except Divorce Summons, $7.50.
Divorce Summons, $6.00.
Sheriff Sale Notices, $7.50.
All Probate Notices of ordinary length, running three or four weeks, $5.00.

GEORGE VENABLE SMITH
Attorney and Counselor at Law
Laurel St. Port Angeles, Wash

T. J. APPLETON, M. D.
Oculist and General Practitioner
X-Ray

JAMES STEWART
Attorney at Law
Office on Front Street.
Port Angeles, Wash.

H. C. MILLER
REAL ESTATE AGENT
Lists Any Property for Sale or Rent.
PORT ANGELES, WASHINGTON

McCall's Magazine — and the — Olympic Leader $1.30 the year

McCall's is one of the leading fashion magazines in the country; established in 1876, it has more subscribers than any other ladies magazine published. We are clubbing it with the Olympic Leader for $1.30 the year

Proceedings Board of Commissioners

Continued from last week.

On motion the board allowed the claim of S. M. Crooks, $18.75, for labor on roads in R. & B. District No. 3, Commissioners Filion and Bugge voting aye, and Commissioner Christopher voting nay.

The Board examined and allowed the following claims and ordered warrants drawn on the funds of Road & Bridge District No. 3:

F. W. Nourse,	.....labor,	$ 44.25
Carl A. Peterson,	..... ".....	37.40
J. M. Caywood,	..... ".....	19.40
L. K. Ahlstrom,	..... ".....	45.40
I. T. Wesseler,	..... ".....	40.40
P. A. Peterson,	..... ".....	8.00
A. Danielson,	..... ".....	4.00
Henry Pellen and team	".....	10.00
Bertie Caywood,	..... ".....	45.00
F. W. Nourse, groceries, tools, etc.,	.....	51.90
Peter Peirson,	..... labor..	107.50
George Austin,	..... ".....	33.60
Charles Wynne,	..... ".....	4.00
William Whipple,	..... ".....	23.00
Frank Whipple,	..... ".....	29.00
John M. Smith,	..... ".....	45.00
Henry Larie,	..... ".....	50.00
W. H. Carpenter,	..... ".....	7.50
William Stovall,	..... ".....	18.75
Robert Ritcher,	..... ".....	40.00
Charley Welker & team,	".....	60.00
V. N. Perry,	..... ".....	10.00
Lars Alvig,	..... ".....	7.50
Hanry Poole (team)	..... ".....	3.75
John Stovall,	..... ".....	13.25
John Regar,	..... ".....	5.00
Edward Last jr.,	..... ".....	5.00
John Leigh,	..... ".....	5.00
A. Napiontek,	..... ".....	10.00
J. A. Rainey, supr.,	..... ".....	72.00
Nels Nelson,	..... ".....	10.00
Frank Flerharty,	..... ".....	10.00
John Hillstrom & team,	".....	66.25
Lon Fluharty & team,	".....	53.75
John Youchinsky,	..... ".....	37.50
John Leigh,	..... ".....	40.00
W. Carpenter,	..... ".....	40.00
A. Orset,	..... ".....	48.00
George Talbot and team,	".....	2.50
L. G. Wickersham	..... ".....	16.25
W. H. Carpenter,	..... ".....	6.25
John Leyh,	..... ".....	5.00
L. G. Wickersham,	..... ".....	5.00
McIvor & Swanson, blacksmithing,	.....	5.00
A. Fairservice, tools, freight, etc.,	.....	10.50
H. Gutenberg & co., supplies,		2.80
John B. Jackson,	..... labor..	6.25
Alfred Danielson,	..... ".....	10.00
Gabriel Eisland,	..... ".....	10.00
O. M. Klaboe,	..... ".....	10.00

The board rejected the claim of O. M. Kealor, $20.00, for timber destroyed by road crew.

The board examined and allowed the following claims and ordered warrants drawn on the funds of Road and Bridge District No. 4, for same:

John Van Bossche and team	labor,	$ 85.00
Eph. Pullen and team,	labor..	20.00
J. F. LeGear,	..... ".....	28.75
John Leyendecker	..... ".....	39.50
K. K. Teig,	..... ".....	39.50
J. J. Donaldson,	..... ".....	34.50
Cy Cippy,	..... ".....	7.50
Frank Fluharty,	..... ".....	45.00
Joe Marsh and team,	.. ".....	40.00
F. Albright,	..... ".....	7.50
Joe Caldwell,	..... ".....	28.75
O. Wentworth (team)	".....	28.75
Lem Parker,	..... ".....	28.75
Floyd Hutsel,	..... ".....	23.75
Martin Rann,	..... ".....	28.50
Jack Douglas,	..... ".....	41.75
Wm. Klahn,	..... ".....	39.00
Max Klahn,	..... ".....	41.75
H. Klahn,	..... ".....	23.50
Robert Dewe,	..... ".....	29.00
Joel Oberg,	..... ".....	36.75
Stanley Gaydeski and team,		32.75
Guy Lesure, supr.	.. labor..	78.00
Chas. Hahn,	..... ".....	31.00
Louis Hahn, team,	..... ".....	62.00
Earl Wilson and team,	".....	61.00
George Clark,	..... ".....	7.00
J. R. Smith, team,	..... ".....	7.00
N. H. Tanggard,	..... ".....	21.50
Jake Hahn,	..... ".....	25.75
Joe Marsh and team,	".....	57.50
F. Albright,	..... ".....	30.00
Joe Caldwell,	..... ".....	22.50
O. Wentworth, team,	".....	2.50
Lem Parker,	..... ".....	2.50

The board approved the bond of the Webster Publishing Company for doing the county printing for the year ending June 30th, 1907.

The board adjourned to meet Saturday the 6th day of October 1906, at 9:30 a. m.

Saturday the 6th day of October, 1906, at 9:30 a. m.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment, all members being present.

The minutes of July 2d, 3d, 5th, 27th and August 9th, 11th and 25th and Sept. 5th and 12th, 1906, were read and approved.

The Board ordered the auditor to issue a warrant of $40.21 on the current expense fund in favor of the State Auditor in payment of the balance due the State on the 1899 State interest fund.

The Board examined and allowed the following claims and ordered warrants drawn on the current expense fund for the same.

Webster Pub. Co., publications	$36.70
Tribune-Times Co., supplies	23.40
Hazel B. O'Brien, work on board of 8th grade examiners	10.50
W. S. Denis, poll tax collecter's salary	14.20

The Board allowed the claim of O. M. Klaboe, $11.25, for work on road and bridge district No. 3, and ordered a warrant drawn for same on the funds of road and bridge district No. 3.

The Board adjourned to meet at 1:30 p. m.

The board met pursuant to adjournment all members being present.

The board approved the Surveyor's report of Road No. 68, DeWitt Burns et als petitioners, and set the time of hearing for Nov. 9th, 1906, at 2:00 p. m.

The board instructed the county treasurer to transfer $2500.00 from the current expense fund to the bridge fund, and $2000.00 to the county general fund, the same to be considered a loan.

The board approved the bond and granted the petition of George Sofia et als petitioners, for a county road (Road No. 73) commencing at the S W corner of NE¼ NE¼ Sec. 3-29-3, running thence in a northeasterly direction to the NW of NE ¼ SE ¼, then due east on the line between W. B. Main and James Burrows to section line betwenn two and three, thence north to Barlingame road. The petitioners to furnish all necessary help and expenses to make said survey except the surveyor.

The board ordered that all construction work be discontinued in Road and Bridge Districts Nos. 3 and 4, except repair work and such other work as may be hereafter ordered by the board.

The board certified to the auditor that that the following list of persons subject to poll tax had not paid said tax, and the auditor was ordered to extend said poll tax on the 1906 tax rolls, as provided by law:

Residents of Road and Bridge District No. 1.

W P Preston	Frank Jones
G A Sherburne	F C Howell
Albert Mathews	David McComb
O B Hart	George Sofia
Amore Myers	James Sofia
W A Dey	Manuel Correa
James Riley	W B Potter
Charles Bushnell	Howard Chubby
W R Fuller	Samuel Irwin
Frank Neff	Fred Hall
Chapen Mullen	H F Risley
C O Fritz	S Constantine
Carl Hamilton	Jim Williams
J F Curry	Mike O'Leary
Antone Silva	Sam Woodcock
B F Reyes	E Alexander
Miles Lemman	Charles E. Cays
Lewis Cays	William Dick
John Cays	Harry Heath
H Rolson	C W Winke
Frank Roberson	F G Cydell
A Wylde	John Busch
Wm Broughton	A B Cameron
Elza Hummon	A J Jackson
J R Kennard	Elda Lewis
John Machenheimer	L Norstrand
F Neuenschwander	Oscar Winters
Fred Machenheimer Jr	James Bell
Orville V Dean	M Almaden
A Erickson	Robt Bunought
R R Cays	Fred Grant
Henry McAlmond	J J Allen
Mike Sullivan	James Zeaman
Alfred Cays	Geo Lotzgesell
Sidney Case	Omer Heath
S L Kilby	H N McLaughlin
Frank Lotzgeseil	James Stevens
John Wilder	L W Roberson
John Barker	Ernest Emery
A Kale	Claude Lewis
O E Myers	Willis G Shaw

Residents of Road and Bridge District No. 2.

Orin Babcock	J H Bowers
Alex Clark	Harry Coventon
H S Coleman	A F Eacrett
Alden Goodwin	Samuel Gates
H S Hansen	E H Isbell
Ed Klain	J F Long
Harry Littleton	F Leonard
Samuel Michaels	W A O'Bar
J F Raney	Chris Storm
W T Stringham.	

Residents Road and Bridge District Number 3:

A. Fernandez,	J. A. Green,
Clark Hanson.	W. M. Johnson,
Ole Klaboe,	William Kemper,
Geo. Lamb,	George Talbot.

Residents of Road and Bridge District Number 4:

M. C. Bishop,	J. W. Gwinn,
Theo. Klahn,	H. Morgenthaler,
W. J. Palmer,	Mike Thomsen,
Geo. Clark,	Geo. Binehart,
Wm. Klahn,	Carl Peterson,
Otto Dimmel,	Oscar Williamson,
Jim Kay,	John Hillstrom,
Nels Nelson,	J. R. Smith,
S. A. Wilber,	Tom Birkestol,
Jas. Clark,	F. D. Moody,
R. H. Prickett,	O. J. Ford,
Tom Johnson,	Jos. Legatis,

We have received another thousand pounds of that celebrated IVY COFFEE this week. Its the best coffee at 25c ever on the market. It has the largest sale of any coffee at any price, sold by any merchant in Angeles. It is exclusively handled by

E. W. Merrill & Co.

FRESH FRUITS

Received every day, the best and latest the market affords. See our stock and compare goods

Goldwater Bros.
Phone 3

Charles Palmer, G. O. Tanner, August Park, Frank Brand, W. L. Ferguson, Henry Marshall, O. A. Wentworth.

The board ratified the Special School District levies made in the following School Districts, for the year 1906, to-wit:

District	No. 1	Special	Fund	5	Mills.
"	" 2	"	"	5	"
"	" 3	"	"	10	"
"	" 4	"	"	5	"
"	" 6	General	"	3	"
"	" 7		"	5	"
"	" 7	Bond Int.	"	3	"
"	" 8	Special	"	5	"
"	" 9	"	"	5	"
"	" 10	"	"	10	"
"	" 11	"	"	10	"
"	" 12	"	"	5	"
"	" 13	General	"	5	"
"	" 14	Special	"	5	"
"	" 15	"	"	5	"
"	" 16	General	"	3	"
"	" 17	Special	"	10	"
"	" 18	General	"	4	"
"	" 20	Special	"	5	"
"	" 21	"	"	5	"
"	" 22	"	"	3	"
"	" 23	"	"	3	"
"	" 24	"	"	3	"
"	" 25	"	"	5	"
"	" 26	"	"	5	"
"	" 27	Bond Int.	"	4	"
"	" 28	Special	"	3	"
"	" 29	"	"	5	"
"	" 30	"	"	3	"
"	" 31	"	"	10	"
"	" 34	General	"	10	"
"	" 35	Special	"	10	"
"	" 36	General	"	5	"
"	" 37	Special	"	10	"
"	" 38	General	"	5	"
"	" 39	Special	"	10	"
"	" 41	"	"	7	"
"	" 42	"	"	5	"
"	" 43	"	"	10	"
"	" 45	General	"	5	"
"	" 46	Special	"	5	"
"	" 47	"	"	5	"
"	" 48	"	"	10	"
"	" 49	"	"	5	"
"	" 50	"	"	10	"
"	" 51	"	"	5	"

The Directors of School Districts Nos. 5 and 32 not having made a special levy for interest on outstanding Bonds of said districts, the board as provided by law, made a special levy of three mills on the dollar on all the taxable property in said districts for said purpose.

The board allowed the following commissioners claims: H. J. Bugge, three days salary, $12.00 and mileage $5.00 $17.00; A. I. Filion, 4 days salary $16.00 and mileage 20 cts., $16 20; D. A. Christopher, 4 days salary $16.00, mileage 13.20—$29.20.

D. A. Christopher one day salary checking Treasurer's vouchers $4.00.

The board ordered the Auditor to notify all Election Officers to forward the Election Returns as soon as completed by Registered Mail, unless otherwise directed.

The Board adjourned to meet November 9th, 1906, at 9:30 a. m.

The Best Guaranty of Merit Is Open Publicity.

Every bottle of Dr. Pierce's world-famed medicines leaving the great laboratory at Buffalo, N. Y., has printed upon its wrapper all the ingredients entering into its composition. This fact alone places Dr. Pierce's Family Medicines *in a class all by themselves*. They cannot be classed with patent or secret medicines because they are neither. This is why so many unprejudiced physicians prescribe them and recommend them to their patients. They know what they are composed of, and that the ingredients are those endorsed by the most eminent medical authorities.

The further fact that neither Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the great stomach tonic, liver invigorator, heart regulator and blood purifier, nor his "Favorite Prescription" for weak, overworked, broken-down, nervous women, contains any alcohol, also entitles them to a place all by themselves.

Many years ago, Dr. Pierce discovered that chemically pure glycerine, of proper strength, is a better solvent and preservative of the medicinal principles residing in our indigenous, or native, medicinal plants than is alcohol; and, furthermore, that it possesses valuable medicinal properties of its own, being demulcent, nutritive, antiseptic, and a most efficient antiferment.

Neither of the above medicines contains alcohol, or any harmful, habit-forming drug, as will be seen from a glance at the formula printed on each bottle wrapper. They are safe to use and potent to cure.

Not only do physicians prescribe the above, non-secret medicines largely, but the most intelligent people employ them—people who would not think of using the ordinary patent, or secret medicines. Every ingredient entering into the composition of Dr. Pierce's medicines has the strongest kind of an endorsement from leading medical writers of the several schools of practice. No other medicines put up for like purposes has any such *professional* endorsement.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. Constipation is the cause of many diseases. Cure the cause and you cure the disease. One "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic. Druggists sell them, and nothing is "just as good." Easy to take as candy.

Certificate of Nominations, State and County Officers

CERTIFICATES

I, W. B. Smith, Auditor of Clallam County, State of Washington, do hereby certify the following to be the true lists of the candidates of the various political parties to be voted for at the general election to be held on Tuesday the 6th day of November, 1906, for the respective state and county officers as appears by certificates of nomination now on file in my office.

Republican Ticket

Representatives in Congress,
William E. Humphrey, Wesley L. Jones, Francis W. Cushman.
Judges Supreme Court 6 year term,
Wallace Mount, Ralph O. Dunbar.
Judges Supreme Court 2 year term,
Herman D. Crow, Milo A. Root.
State Senator 24th Dist,
John L. Blair.
Representative 38th Dist,
George W. O'Brien.
County Sheriff,
James Palmer.
County Clerk,
John F. Church.
County Auditor,
Nathan M. Hawkins.
County Treasurer,
Albert R. Pringle.
County Prosecuting Atty,
J. E. Cochran.
County Assessor,
John D. Hickok.
County Super nt of Schools,
A. N. Taylor.
County Surveyor,
Alfred Ware.
County Coroner,
D. E. McGillivray.
County Commissioner 2nd Dist,
G. M. Lauridsen.
County Commissioner, 3rd Dist,
K. O. Erickson.
County Wreckmaster,
Charles M. Raymond.
Justices of the Peace, Port Angeles Precinct,
Samuel P. Carusi, Thomas Penniman.
Constables, Port Angeles Precinct,
Ervin Nichols, Joseph Pearson.

Democrat Ticket

Representatives in Congress,
William Blackman, Patrick S. Byrne, Dudley Eshelman.
Judges Supreme Court 6 year term,
C. W. Hodgdon, F. C. Million.
Judges Supreme Court 2 year term,
Warren W. Tolman, Bo Sweeney.
State Senator 24th Dist,
Nathaniel K. Mead.
Representative 38th Dist,
David Govan.
County Sheriff
A. J. Cosser.
County Clerk,
Edward A. FitzHenry,
County Auditor,
Frank R. Beahan.
County Treasurer,
Lewis Levy,
County Prosecuting Atty,
Alonzo A. Richardson.
County Assessor,
John Hallahan.
County Super'nt of Schools,
Julia Annette Trumbull.
County Surveyor,
Ernest R. Gehrke.
County Coroner,
George Lotzgesell.
County Commissioner 2nd Dist,
H. S. Coleman,
County Commissioner 3rd Dist,
Seth G. Tuttle.
County Wreckmaster,
Olaf Johnson.
Justices of the Peace, Port Angeles Precinct,
Herman Maichau, A. E. Cox.
Constables Port Angeles Precinct,
John Malchau, Barney Gordon.

Socialist Ticket

Representatives in Congress,
A. Wagenknecht, J. H. Barkley, Emil Herman.
Judges Supreme Court 6 year term,
H. L. Hughes, E. E. Martin.
Judges Supreme Court 2 year term,
H. W. Mangold, W. E. Tibbits.
Representative 38th Dist,
J. H. Ristine.
County Sheriff.
R. Eacrett, Sr.
County Clerk,
E. B. Fleming.
County Auditor,
John Hitch.
County Treasurer,
George Ristine.
County Prosecuting Atty,
A. J. Andresen.
County Assessor,
David O'Brien.
County Super'nt of Schools,
R. H. Deming.
County Surveyor,
S. J. Keys.
County Coroner,
Chas. White.
County Commissioner 2nd Dist,
J. B. Fleming.
County Wreckmaster,
Ed. Eastman.

Prohibition Ticket

Representatives in Congress,
A. S. Caton, J. M. Wilkin, William Everett.

Independent Republican Ticket

State Senator 24th Dist,
William Bishop.

Proposed Constitutional Amendment

For the proposed amendment to Section Sixteen of Article One of the Constitution, relating to the exercise of the power of eminent domain.

Against the proposed amendment to Section Sixteen of Article One of the Constitution relating to the exercise of the power of eminent domain.

"For proposed amendment to Article XXI, Section one, of the Constitution, which reads: Section 1. The use of the waters of this State for irrigation, mining, manufacturing purposes, and for the removal of timber products, shall be deemed as public use."

"Against the proposed amendment to Article XXI, Section one, of the Constitution, which reads: Section 1. The use of the waters of this State for irrigation, mining, manufacturing purposes, and for the removal of timber products, shall be deemed a public use."

Proposed Bonding General Road Fund Indebtedness

For General Road Funding Bonds.
Against General Road Fund Bonds.

In testimony whereof I hereunto attach my hand and affix the seal of my office this 17th day of October, 1906.

[Seal.] W. B. SMITH,
Auditor Clallam County,
State of Washington.

CHURCH SERVICES

Congregational Church. Sunday School at 10 a. m. Morning worship at 11:00. Rev. Geo. N. Edwards, pastor. Morning subject, "A Church Militant on a Campaign for Christ." Evening, "Men of the Bible—Jacob the Wrestler."

Thursday evening, Bible Study. The Lands of the Old Test.

Baptist Church, services morning and evening, second and fourth Sunday of each month. Rev. Reid Hale, pastor.

First Church of Christ Scientist. Services will be held at Science Hall, Second St Sunday at 11 o'clock. Sunday school at 12 o'clock. Wednesday evening meetings at 7:30. Reading room open every afternoon from 2 to 5. All are welcome.

$1.30

New Idea Womans Magazine

—and—

The Olympic Leader

both one year for $1 30.

The "New Idea," now in its 14th year, is well known, both magazine and New Idea patterns being on sale at dry goods stores everywhere. It contains 100 pages, printed on good paper and well illustrated. Each number contains about 35 articles and stories, in addition to ten full page plates, part of which are in colors, of ladies and children's costumes, and some fifteen pages of fashions and needlework.

Published monthly at New York City; with the Olympic-Leader $1.30 a year.

Notice and Summons by Publication.

No. 391

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam county.

Annie Ritchie, plaintiff
vs.
John Hutzen, and Jane Doe Hutzen, his wife,

and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming an interest or estate in and to the hereinafter described real property, defendants.

State of Washington to John Hutzen and Jane Doe Hutzen, his wife, who are the owners, or reputed owners, of, and all persons unknown, claiming or having an interest or estate in the hereinafter described real property.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff,

Annie Ritchie,

is the holder of a delinquent tax certificate No. 1884, issued by the treasurer of Clallam county, Washington, embracing the following real property situated in Clallam county, Washington, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Lots thirteen (13) and fourteen (14) in block three hundred and eighty-three (383) of the townsite of Port Angeles, Clallam county, state of Washington.

That said certificate was issued on the 12th day of October 1906, for the sum of $20.25 for the delinquent taxes for the years 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1904, that the taxes for the following year has been paid by the plaintiff, to-wit: the year 1905, the sum of $2.05, which several sums bear interest at the rate of fifteen per cent per annum from said date of payment.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this notice and summons, exclusive of the day of said first publication to-wit, within sixty days after the 19th day of October 1906, and defend the above entitled action or pay the amount of the taxes due, together with the costs, penalties and interests; and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered foreclosing said tax lien for such taxes, penalties, costs and interest against said lands and premises hereinbefore mentioned.

Annie Ritchie, plaintiff.

Wm. Ritchie, attorney for plaintiff.

Post Office address Port Angeles, Clallam county, Washington.

Date of first publication Oct. 19, 1906.

Closing Out at Reduced Prices

In order to close out the odds and ends of our stock before getting in new goods for the holidays, we will sell everything at very low prices. We have hundreds of fine china pieces, carved ivory, wood, metal, and tortise shell, fine silk articles, curios, bamboo furniture, etc. Come in and learn the new prices.

Hong Yuong & Co.
Ling Toy, Manager.
Phone 25.

SPECIAL SALE

Flannel Covered Hot Water Bottles

$1.00 Each

See them in window

New Line of all Rubber Goods

MAIL ORDERS C. E. NAILOR & CO. ARE SOLICITED

PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS

Phone 41

Three doz. clothes pins 5c. at Baker's.

Second hand cook stoves wanted at Baker's.

Mrs. Henry Gutenberg returned Monday from a Seattle visit.

J. P. Hawkes sold the Al. Widman place on Sixth near Peabody last week for $400.

L. T. Haynes fell from a step ladder while shelving goods at Brophy's, severely straining the ligaments of his foot, in consequence of which he is laid upon the shelf himself for a few days.

"Heinz's" Prepared Mustard 20c the pint jar. At The Seevers Cash Store.

Mrs. A. Goldwater returned from New York Saturday, Miss Sadie remaining for a longer visit.

Ladies' Suits and Skirts, also Misses Skirts and Cloaks, the latest styles just received from the eastern wholesalers at Mrs. Phelps.

Miss May Shields captured the prize at the Pacific Store for selling the most goods during last week, and now the Haviland china plates grace her boudoir.

Schott Brothers

The new proprietors of The Central Meat Market, are conducting a First Class Establishment, buying only the Choicest Meats, maintaining absolute cleanliness, and giving every customer the best possible satisfaction. They would be pleased to have you call and will endeavor to make it an object to you to be among their regular customers. Fitzgerald's Old Stand, opposite the Merrill Grocery

Lee's "Insect Powder," 25c the package. At The Seevers Cash Store.

Mrs. S. W. B. Jones of Port Williams was a pleasant caller Wednesday.

Men's suits from $4.75 up; well made and strong. Times Clothing Mart.

Willis Mathewson, Frank Lyster, and others are making Cox's ranch, back of Mt. Angeles, headquarters for a hunting trip this week.

Mrs. T. F. Trumbull and her mother, Mrs. Brown, went to Seattle Monday; Mrs. Brown for a main all winter, and Mrs. Trumbull for a two weeks visit.

Lee's "Lice Killer," 35c the quart can at The Seevers Cash Store.

Those ladies Juliet shoes with cork sole and rubber heel are solid comfort. Price $1.75. Times Clothing Mart.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Daniels, corner Tumwater and Eighth, are rejoicing over the birth of a daughter, Wednesday, Oct. 17th.

Amateur photographers find the kind of photo goods that professional photographers use at Fulmer's Studio and one who understands using them will give instructions.

Only a Short Time Now

and we will be moving into the double store in the stone building. Only a short time remains in which to take advantage of the lowest prices

Ever Made in Clallam County on Hardware, Furniture, Crockery, Glassware, Etc.

New goods constantly arriving to keep the stock complete in all lines.

Heaters in many styles and sizes. We can certainly save you money on the best makes.

R. D. Willson Hardware Co.

Full line fancy ribbons of all kinds at Mrs. Phelps.

Jilson White of Seguin was an Angeles visitor Monday.

Batten for making quilts, 3 for 25c. Times Clothing Mart.

Jno. Hansen attended to business matters in Seattle this week.

Ladies' Black Sateen Skirts, a nice line at Mrs. Phelps.

Little boys short canvas coats, $1.25. At Times Clothing Mart.

Miss Brophy returned today from a visit with Seattle friends.

Buster Brown hose, all sizes. Times Clothing Mart,

Jno. Cain and Thos. Silverwood were returning passengers Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Cays of Dungeness drove down to Angeles today.

Children's Fur Sets and Coats in splendid assortment at Mrs. Phelps.

Mrs. H. H. Butler entertained a number of ladies at tea Tuesday afternoon.

Our calicoes are the best quality. Our price 6c yard. Times Clothing Mart.

Call and see our new line of Overcoats and Waterproofs. Times Clothing Mart.

Mrs. Louise Trumbull is in Townsend this week, assisting the ladies of the Civic Club with their carnival.

"Kow Kure" is the remedy for your Cow, if she is off her feed. At the Seevers Cash Store, 50c the can.

Young lady wishing to learn typesetting or boy to learn printing trade can secure employment at this office.

Schott Bros., who recently bought the Fitzgerald meat market, have an adv. in this issue, asking a share of the public's patronage.

The Women's Literary Club will give a social at the home of Mrs. H. L. Mitchell Friday, Oct. 26th, from 2 to 5. All cordially invited.

Ross Brown and son Willis came down from Seattle Saturday to spend a few days at the Delabarre hunting lodge on Lake Crescent, the guests of Mr. Delabarre and T. F. Trumbull.

Robert Shields has opened an employment office at his cigar store and will furnish men for all lines of work, both city and country. Send him your orders and applications and they will receive prompt attention.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Ovington closed their Beardslee Bay Camp at Lake Crescent last week, after a very successful season, and left Tuesday for Vera Cruz, Mexico, where Mr. Ovington has an interest in a rubber plantation at La Junta which he will oversee this winter.

A Grand Dress Ball will be given by the Woman's Auxiliary of St. Luke's Church in the hall at Seguin Oct. 31st, all halloween. Three handsome prizes will be given for best costumes. Admission and refreshments 25c. Dancing tickets 50c.

Under the direction and management of Mrs. George Wiggins a cantata is to be given in the opera house on Friday, October 26th. There are to be three special features in addition, viz: The Military Maids, German Girls, and The Cow Boys. The entertainment is for benefit of the Civic Club. Further particulars next week.

Carpenters have commenced work on the D. A. Christopher residence property on Seventh street, between Oak and Cherry. The foundation was put in over a year ago, and the lumber for the building was on the ground early last spring, but a carpenter could not be had until now to put up the building. This does not speak bad for Angeles building operations.

A new school house, the estimated cost of which is placed at six or seven hundred, is to be built for District No. 43, and will be located just west of Clarence McLaughlin's on land which DeWitt Burnes has deeded to the district for school purposes. Contractors are asked by Mr. McConachie, clerk, to file bids by the 29th; specifications may be seen at this office.

The stock of Dry Goods, Coats, Suits, Jackets, and all the ready to wear goods are selling very rapidly at the Pacific Store. The prevailing prices are extremely low. Discounts are liberally given on all lines—for instance, table linens, napkins, lace curtains, art goods, facinators, sweaters, muslin garments, night robes, kimonas, dress goods, Sorosis skirts, portiers, couch covers, childrens coats are all sold at 20 per cent discount. Ladies dress skirts 25 per cent discount. Hats will be sold at still lower prices. Read the adv of the Pacific Store this week. Remember the stock must be sold. Call in and see for yourself. LEWIS LEVY.

B.P.O.E.—Naval lodge No. 353, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, at Haning Hall on Front st., bet. Laurel and Lincoln sts. Visitors cordially invited. RAY MCLAUGHLIN, Ex. Ruler
E. D. ELLIOTT, Secretary.

I.O.O.F—Clallam Lodge, No. 72, meets every Monday evening at I.O.O.F. hall WM. W. GARVIN, N. G.
C. A. BORK, Secretary

E. W. MERRILL & CO.

Phone 5

P. V.

That is the Maple Syrup we had shipped from Quebec. A taste will convince the most skeptical that we have a PURE MAPLE SYRUP.

We have spared no expense in obtaining a good article that has the tang of the sap.

1 gallon, each.....$1.80
½ gallon, each..... .95
1 quart, each..... .50

Toboggan Maple Syrup.

A High Grade Syrup that is within reach of all who like good things.

1 gallon, each $1.45
½ gallon, each..... .75
1 quart, each..... .40
1 quart bottle..... .40

Tea Rose Drips.

1 gallon, each ..... .90
2 quarts, each..... .50

Saratoga Drips.

1 gallon, each..... .90
2 quarts, each..... .50

Caramel Drips.

In bulk, per gallon..... .50

Belmont Molasses.

A high grade New Orleans Molasses, per gallon.. .70

Dixie Molasses.

Finest of cooking molasses, per gal..... .50

Magnolia.

Strictly fancy New Orleans Molasses.

1 quart cans, each..... .25

E. W. MERRILL AND CO.

PHONE 5

SEGUIN NOTES.

Seguin now has a firstclass butcher shop and meat market and it is owned and operated by the residents of our own community—two young men who are well known for their honesty and straight forward dealing. The residents should give them all the encouragement in their power, and do all their dealing there as it is a credit to a place of this size to have such a market. Telephone your order in and have it delivered at your kitchen.

The ladies of Seguin school district turned out en masse Monday noon and with large baskets filled with good things to eat, descended on the school house and informed the Principal, Mr. Bown, that they came to get acquainted with the teacher and after a good meal had been served they declared themselves fully satisfied and returned to their homes.

Everett Fisher had the misfortune to lose a very valuable horse on Thursday last. His young son was playing with matches and set the barn on fire, destroying all the hay, grain and other feed, together with the horse. There was no insurance.

There was a large crowd out to hear Senator Piles at the hall, Friday.

The woods are full of hunters—some are hunting deer and some are hunting votes.

A party of hunters captured three deer at Seguin bay, Sunday last.

W. B. Potter and others are in Seattle buying machinery for a saw-mill.

The auxiliary of St. Lukes church will give a fancy dress ball in the Hall, Oct. 31.

KALE

[Written for last week.]

"Success treads upon the heels of honest effort."

Mr. John Trips, just returned from a year in Germany, is visiting at Mr. Fred Sutter's after an absence of 14 or 15 years. He didn't recognize the place and was much surprized at the improvements of the country. He has been eight years at Klondike and expects to return there.

Ansel and Dan Jackson are back home again.

Miss May Stillwell has returned; her health not permitting her to continue in school.

Our school closed Friday with an interesting program. We are well pleased with the progress the children have made. Miss Williams has been engaged to teach in the district above.

Baby Critchfield was a very sick child last week, with pneumonia.

The men at the Critchfield mill performed a humane act last Wednesday. To the woman assisting Mrs. Critchfield, a widow with quite a family, they gave their work that day and the firm gave the board, which made thirty-one dollars and some cents. Mr. Platner, one of the firm, made it $35. When Wm. heard of it, he gave the timber used.

Hunting bear seems to be quite a common practice lately. A party of five were hunting back of Mr. Emory's Monday and came upon three cougars. Mr. H. Jacobs killed two of them, and Mr. McCoy the other. One measured seven and one-half feet from tip to tip.

The Congregational ladies aid will give a chicken dinner on election day in the restaurant next door to the creamery. 30 3w

Notice and Summons by Publication.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam county,
C. E. De Launay, plaintiff,
vs.
The heirs at law of M. J. De Launay, deceased,
and all persons undnown, if any, having or claiming an interest or estate in and to the hereinafter described real property, defendants.

State of Washington to the heirs at law of M. J. De Launay, deceased,
who are the owners or reputed owners, of, and all persons unknown, claiming or having an interest or estate in the hereinafter described real property.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff,
C. E. De Launay
is the holder of a delinquent tax certificate No. 1199 issued by the treasurer of Clallam county, Washington, embracing the following real property situated in Clallam county, Washington, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Lots seventeen (17) and eighteen (18) in block ninety-eight (98) of the townsite of Port Angeles.

That said certificate No. 1199 issued on the 20th day of December 1904 for the sum of $55.15 for the delinquent taxes for the years 1900, 1901, 1902 and 1903; that the taxes for the following years have been paid by the plaintiff, to-wit: the year 1904 the some of $10.39, the year 1905 the sum of $10.64, which several sums bear interest at the rate of fifteen per cent. per annum from said date of payment.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the 27th day of July 1906, and defend the above entitled action or pay the amount of the taxes due, together with the costs, penalties and interest; and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered foreclosing said tax lien for such taxes, penalties, costs and interest against said lends and premises hereinbefore mentioned

C. E. De Launay, plaintiff.
A. A. Richardson, attorney for plaintiff.
Post office address, Port Angeles, Wash.
Date of first publication Sept. 14, 1906.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder

Made from pure, grape cream of tartar

Makes home baking easy. Nothing can be substituted for it in making, quickly and perfectly, delicate hot biscuit, hot-breads, muffins, cake and pastry. Insures the food against alum.

Pure, Healthful, Reliable

NOTE.—If mixtures called baking powder are offered you at lower price, remember they are mostly made from alum, a metallic acid deleterious to health.

Umbrellas covered with first-class covers; broken umbrellas repaired at Baker's Second Hand Store.

A very and complete line of Fine Handkerchiefs for Christmas gifts, both for ladies and gentlemen, just in at Mrs. Phelps' Dry Goods Store.

The perfect fitting popular priced Munsing Underwear for women and children, the best made, most comfortable, durable and satisfactory that skilled labor can produce, for sale by Mrs. Phelps.

Loss Haynes, young son of Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Haynes, who has been in business at Aberdeen, came home Wednesday to recover from a spell of sickness brought on by the impure water at that place.

Coals to Newcastle.

Several car loads of as fine potatoes as were ever raised have deen delivered at the Morse wharf the past few days for shipment; many of them are so long they reach from side to side of the sack, forming an effectual stopper over which the sack is loosely sewed. At the same time the N. P. Ry., has shipped in several sacks of potatoes, together with cream, flour, canned goods, etc., for its surveying crew here. Next we'll have a cord or two of wood unloaded from the steamer to cook the spuds with.

The People's Market

A. Ahlvers PROPRIETOR

The Best Market where fresh and salt meats, the finest to be obtained, are sold at the lowest prices.

Everything Clean and Fresh

Next to Postoffice

Notice and Summons by Publication.

379

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam county.
J. F. Dilling, plaintiff.
vs.
J. H. E. Porte
and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming an interest or estate in and to the hereinafter described real property defendants.

State of Washington to J. H. E. Porte who are the owners, or reputed owners, of, and all persons unknown, claiming or having an interest or estate in the hereinafter described aeal property.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff,
J. F. Dilling
is the holder of a delinquent tax certificate No. 1870 issued by the treasurer of Clallam county, Washington, embracing the following real property situated in Clallam county, Washington, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

The southwest quarter of southeast quarter of northwest quarter of section 18, twp 30 north of range 5, west of W. M.

That said certificate was issued on the 18th day of Sept. 1906 for the sum of $28.52 for the delinquent taxes for the years 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1904 and 1905, and that the taxes for the following years have been paid by the plaintiff, to-wit: the year 1899 the sum of $5.57, the year 1900 the sum of $4.91 the year 1901 the sum of $4.29, the year 1902 the sum of $3.78, the year 1903 the sum of $3.59, the year 1904 the sum of $2.94, for 1905 the sum of $2.94 which several sums bear interest at the rate of fifteen per cent. per annum from said date of payment.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this notice and summons, to-wit, within sixty days after the 28th day of September 1906, and defend the above entitled action or pay the amount of the taxes due, together with the costs, penalties and interest; and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered foreclosing said tax lien for such taxes, penalties, costs and interest against said lands and premises hereinbefore mentioned.

J. F. Dilling, plaintiff.
Geo. Venable Smith, attorney for plaintiff.
P. O. address, Port Angeles, Wash.
Date of first publication Sept 28, 1906.

PAPERS BY THE PEOPLE

LIFE STRENGTH MOVES THE WORLD.

By F. Cater, M. D.

The strength of life is derivable from several sources. Some men live by mind-force, some by nerve-force, others by muscular energy, and not a few exclusively by the gratification of their animal appetites. Life is capable of being expressed in forms or trains of actions apparently widely differing in character. Hence we speak of the forms and orders of life as composing a successive series of grades, rising from the lowest conceivable spark of vitality to the full blaze of intellectual genius. Life in man energizes the whole of his compound being. The problem of individual life when the task of living becomes difficult is to discover in what particular direction lies the source of vital power most readily accessible and productive, and so to live that the supply of life-strength through that channel is adequate to the needs of the whole body.

Nerve-force is quite different from mind-force, for obviously a man may be nervous without in the least degree being intellectual. A man of nerves lives by the energy of his favorite pursuits. Cut him off from these, and he will soon languish. The acts he performs are not life-giving or health-preserving in themselves, but they have become to him sources of happiness. Fashion praises field sports and the chase as healthful, but they can be so only to the extent to which they are sources of life-strength to their devotees. There is no better form of life insurance than that represented by the policy of accumulative life-strength issued by the benevolent corporation of Mind, Muscle and Nerve.

WHEN POOR PEOPLE WED.

By Juliet V. Strauss.

JULIET V. STRAUSS.

Marriage is a partnership, and as such every matter pertaining to the married state should be frankly treated; there should be no subterfuges. Really, when I think of poor folks getting married and starting out on the voyage of life my heart faints a little. It is so dreadful to realize that they quarrel over 50 cents' worth of sugar or twenty-five pounds of flour.

The bare details of daily living bring us down so closely to the level of savages—we see ourselves so bereft of the Godlike qualities that love temporarily invests us with—it really looks scary to us old folks who see things as they are. I often marvel at the courage which we bring to bear upon our daily living. Where do we get the heart and hope that carries us through long years of self-denial and sacrifice?

So much the greater part of the success of married life depends upon the wife that it is to her especially that one feels like addressing remarks upon the subject. This is particularly true of poor folks. When a couple starts with little in life almost the entire responsibility for the success of the venture rests with the wife. To be sure, there are certain things demanded of the husband. He must be built on reasonably strong lines—in short, he must be a fairly decent fellow, and not actually lazy.

But the wife must be more. She must add to every quality required of the man a thousand and one little accomplishments and bits of cleverness and tact. Only a woman can successfully cope with poverty. Any man will become squalid, unkempt, pitiful, when the wolf begins prowling. But a woman knows a thousand ways to baffle him. She knows how to lay a white cloth on the table and make a flower bloom in the window. She knows how to convert plain fare into dainties, and serve it in attractive style; she knows how to be fine and dainty in cheap attire and to give the look of home to plain rooms utterly lacking in luxury.

It is hard to bring a woman to the point of unloveliness in daily life—have you noticed how seldom it happens? When it does, it is a dreadful thing, a thing to be spoken of with baited breath, and yet we know not what supreme genius we demand of a woman when we take it as a matter of course that she shall be good and clean and cheerful and sweet under the terrible burden of life-long poverty.

OUR PAST IS THE IMAGE OF OUR BEING.

By Maurice Maeterlinck.

Above all, do not envy the past of any man. Our past was created by ourselves for ourselves alone. Good or evil, sparkling or grave, it is like a museum which holds the unique masterpieces which speak only to us; because no stranger masterpiece would know how to equal a deed which we have accomplished, a kiss which we have received, a beauty which we have felt, a suffering which we have endured, an anguish which we have experienced, a love which has covered us with smiles and tears. Our past, it is ourselves, that which we are and that which we shall become; our past, it is our secret promulgated by the mouth of the years, it is the most mysterious image of our being, overtaken and guided by Time.

To him who would see paraded before him the divers pasts of a human asembly, it would be most difficult to designate which of those pasts he would wish to live. Perhaps he would deceive himself mortally in choosing an existence which overflows, as with enormous joys, while his glance would light with indifference upon another apparently deserted but peopled with serene emotions and with redeeming, lofty thoughts. Because we know well that a thought suffices to overturn, as profoundly as would a grand victory or a grand defeat, that which destiny has given to us and that which it has reserved for us. It makes no noise, it dashes no pebbles on the illusory route which we see; but tranquilly it raises an indestructible pyramid at the turning of the road more real because it is secret; and suddenly all that has happened to us, even to the phenomena of the earth and of the heavens, takes a new direction.

EDITORIALS

OPINIONS OF GREAT PAPERS ON IMPORTANT SUBJECTS

AFRICA FOR THE AFRICANS.

IT will not do to exaggerate the weight and importance of the so-called Ethiopian movement, the keynote of which is expressed by the cry of "Africa for the Africans," and yet underlying it is one of the gravest problems awaiting the solution of the civilized world. That problem has to do with the future relations of the white and black races in Africa. Shall the latter be permanently relegated to a position of servitude and subjection, as the inevitable fate of an inferior race associated with one more highly developed, or shall the attempt be made to treat both on terms of equality before the law? Shall the majority of the inhabitants of the country, bearing a proportion of not less than twelve to one of the whites in Natal, for instance, be deprived of political rights by the white men who have come into the land to till its fields and develop its mineral resources? In a word, shall this great continent, with its teeming millions of black natives, be turned into a "white man's country," regardless of the interests and wishes of the blacks?

That the question is vastly more than an academic one is shown by the unrest among the Zulu and Kaffir populations of South Africa, and by the repeated uprisings of the Mohammedan negroes of the Niger region. So long as the country is governed from above, as in Nigeria and in the undeveloped portions of South Africa, the problem has not risen to vex the white rulers; but where the attempt to introduce democratic self-government is made—as in the Cape Colonies—it is acute. The men upon whom rests the real burden of the problem, the colonists, have small use for the humanitarians and the theorists. They frankly declare that the cherished doctrine of equal rights for all men is not for them, and that the occupation of the country was for motives with which ethics have nothing to do.—Philadelphia Ledger.

A "BLACK LIST" OF FOODS.

ONE of the most interesting things to the student of political history and progress is the way in which federal statutes often stimulate State legislation and encourage the enforcement of State laws. The Lacey act for the protection of game by the national government has done more than any other one thing to secure the passage and enforcement of State game laws; and already the pure food and the meat inspection acts passed at the recent session of Congress have borne fruit in several States.

In Massachusetts and in New Hampshire particularly the State Boards of Health have made public the results of chemical analysis of many articles of food in daily use. These articles were bought in the open market, of local grocers, just as any householder buys them for his own use. When they are found to be adulterated or other than as represented on the labels, the State Boards of Health have published the fact, naming the packer, giving a description of the label, and telling just what and how much adulteration was found.

The State Boards have long been carrying on this work, but what is new is the fact that the newspapers have taken much more interest in it, and now print the reports in full. The Boards of Health in many other States make similar examinations and prepare similar reports. Even if the reports may not be printed in the newspapers, they can usually be had on application, and the Department of Agriculture works in the same field.

The restraining and reformatory effect of these reports will be of great importance. Even a manufacturer who would like to cheat, if he could do so in safety, will hesitate to deceive when he knows that the reports of the State Board tell the truth about his products, and that the reports are accessible to all. Henceforth the householder can buy in greater confidence than ever before.—Youth's Companion.

TO CURE THE HARRY THAWS.

HARRY THAW'S mother ruined her son when she changed the will of the boy's father. The latter left the spendthrift $2,500 a year. Mrs. Thaw changed it to $80,000 a year. It was a case of too much mothering. She put a handicap on the son's life, cheated him out of his chance.

Young Thaw never had the satisfaction nor the experience of earning an honest dollar. He never knew the keen joy of work. The exultation of the youth who turns from a wood box filled or a lawn mowed—a job well completed—never came to him. He was denied the opportunity of labor with his hands or the working out of an ideal with his head. The curse of idleness was upon him. For idleness is a curse. The dictum that man must earn his bread by the sweat of his brow is a blessing. Work is the universal law of nature. It is the normal, sane business of man.

What could be expected of a young man who had more money than he knew how to spend and who made diversion his only purpose? There's a limit to having a good time. When you get so far natural pleasures pall and if the human has no occupation the craving for new emotions begins to pull on the appetite. Self restraint is overborne. Life is warped. Tastes are vitiated. Existence is artificial and false.

There is one cure for a thousand ills—useful labor. No man can live a sane existence without some healthy occupation. We are built that way.—St. Louis Star-Chronicle.

CHICAGO'S FREIGHT TUNNEL.

NO other American city is in the happy position of Chicago in having a large system of freight tunnels, by which business houses can load goods from their cellars right into cars. The tunnel company connects its trunk tunnels with the larger houses in the downtown district, so that drays, teams and strikes of draymen are at an end. There are forty-five miles of tunnnel equipped with rails and overhead trolley in the district bounded by Chicago avenue, the lake, Halsted and Sixteenth streets, constructed in the last five years at a cost of $30,000,000. The railroads are to receive freight from the tunnel company at a minimum of expense. The system of underground freight tunnels is not a municipal enterprise, but was begun, it is alleged, by a subterfuge and carried on against the wish of the city fathers.—Baltimore American.

THE WITHERED ROSE.

Your petals once, O withered rose,
Had fragrance which they claim no more,
And she who wore you, I suppose,
Has lost the bloom she had of yore.
How many years have passed since she
Removed you from her gentle breast
And, sighing, handed you to me
To be concealed beneath my vest!

O withered rose, to me you bring
A thousand thoughts of bygone days;
Around your faded petals cling
Sweet memories of winding way!
But was it Isabel or Grace
Or blushing Juliet or Marie
Who trembling, took you from your place
Upon her gentle breast—for me?
—Chicago Record-Herald.

Their Fresh Start

I HEAR the Clarion's got a new lease o' life," says Si Budlong to Elmer Harriott, as they met at the post office.

"Yaas," replied Elmer, reflectively, as he shifted his cud to the other cheek. "Know the circumstances?"

"Why, no; can't say's I do. Cartright was tellin' me they was a woman in it."

"Waal, as to that, it was yes and no. You see, that young editor, Ridley, just out o' college, didn't calcerlate they was anything that was wuth knowin' in the journalistic line that he didn't hev cornered. He begun by bein' independent in politics. Now, Bowdin County's voters ain't got any yeller streak o' independence in 'em — it's straight Dimmycrat or Republican for all males over 21, except them that's in the insane asylum or the cemetery. So the Clarion's subscription list didn't grow so everlastin' swift an' the advertisin' patronage kinder dwindled.

"Then there was the country correspondents. They sent in anything they wanted to write and Ridley printed it. He had to take their stuff on faith, believin' it was all straight goods.

* * * * * * *

"Paper and ink bills were put in an attorney's hands fur collection, an' the end was near. Ridley was feelin' blue. He had about made up his mind to quit the independence racket. Last Wednesday mornin' he was actually writin' up a leader showin' the inevitabul trend o' public sentiment, an' proposin' Judge Holcomb, of Cedarville, as a runin' mate for Bryan, when in comes a black-eyed young woman to his office, an' she was madder'n a wet hen. She flashes a copy of the previous week's Clarion in front o' Ridley, an' sez, in a voice quaverin' with emoshun, 'Read that!'

"Ridley was gettin' used to demonstrations of this sort, so he didn't show no particular feelin' as he noted a marked item in the letter from Glover's Flats:

"Reported, thet Eb. Harder and Fanny Brice are again on speakin' terms. That's right, youngsters; kiss, an' make up.'

"'Did you write that?' asks the lady.

"'Personally, not guilty,' says Ridley.

"'It's scandalous,' says she, 'that you newspaper men don't hold nothin' sacred. What do you mean by flauntin' the private affairs of the respectable citizens of Glover's Flats before the whole world?'

"'Your question is extremely flatterin',' says Ridley, smilin', tryin' to smooth her down. 'I'm sorry if the statement of our able correspondent has given offense. If you desire to make any correction for publication,' says he, takin' up his pencil.

"'No, no, no!' says she, beginning to be frightened. 'Don't put our names together again. It's false—that item of yours. I haven't spoken to Ebenezer Harder for six months, and unless he—explains—I shall never speak to him again. But how did you—what will he think?' And with that she burst right out cryin'.'

"Ridley started to apologize, but she rushes out the door and slams it after her. Then she comes back in an instant, scared to death, an' she sort o'

"IT'S SCANDALOUS!" SAYS HE.

stage-whispers to him, 'He's comin' up here. Put me somewhere, quick.'

"Ridley pointed to a closet an' she jumps in an' pulls the door to.

"In walks a young man and says: 'Is this Mr. Ridley?'

"'The same,' says Ridley. 'Have a chair.'

* * * * * * *

"'Mr. Ridley,' says he, sittin' down opposite an' assumin' a confidential tone, 'my name's Harder, and I live at Glover's Flats. I ain't been but two years out o' Harvard, an' it may be I've got more money than brains, for my guv'ner left me enough to live on if I don't do a stroke o' work the rest o' my days. But I won't farm it. Journalism is my long suit, journalism. I worked two years on the Crimson and I've reported for the city papers, an' I've got the writin' fever. I've been watching the Clarion right along, an' you're all right, but you ain't gettin' on. You've got to quit independence. I kin see you've got Dimmycratic leanings, an' it's easy to flop. Do that, an' we'll win. I say we, because you're goin' to take me in as a workin' partner. I'll pay the bills to-morrow an' we'll start her off on a new tack. I kin git into the kind o' work I love, an' we'll have her up to 3,000 a week in a year's time. Is it a go?'

"They was a haze in front o' Ridley's eyes, an' he didn't say nothin' for a spell. Then they just clasped hands across the table and looked at each other hard.

"After a pause Ridley says, in a low tone: 'Harder, you're an angel. How about the girl.'

"'The girl!" says Harder, surprised. 'What girl? Oh, yes,' he continues, 'there's a girl. I'll confide. This is all for her. Six months ago, after she had been naggin' me to go an' do somethin' and be somebody,' she says, "Have you the makin' of a real man in you, anyway?" "Yes, I have," I says, "but if that's the way you feel about it the less we see of each other the better for both of us." An' I've kept out of her sight from that day to this. But she's there yet, an' I know she's true blue, an' if the Clarion wins—'

"Ridley had his eye on the closet door.

"'Six months without a word's rather rubbin' it in, don't you think?' says he.

"'It is,' says Harder. 'But on the strength of our prospects, by George! I can break the ice when I get home to-day. Eh? Why not?'

"Ridley points to a printed card over his desk which read, 'Do It Now.'

"'Eh?' says Harder, lookin' puzzled. But her arms was about his neck.

* * * * * * *

"'By the way,' says Harder, with a mischievous smile, as five minutes later the two rose to go, 'I've been kin' o' leadin' up to this, as you may have noticed in last week's Clarion.'

"'How's that?' asks Ridley.

"'Why, you ought to know,' says Harder, 'that for three months I've been your correspondent from Glover's Flats.'"—Chicago News.

Discriminating Patriotism.

When Charles Dudley Warner was a newspaper editor in the earlier sixties he was accustomed to write his editorials upon the war with fervid haste, regardless of all consideration of hand-writing.

One day a typesetter left the composing room and appeared at the editor's desk

"Mr. Warner," he said, "I've decided to enlist in the army."

With mingled emotions of pride and responsibility Mr. Warner replied that it pleased him that the man felt the call to duty.

"Oh, it isn't that," said the truthful compositor, "but I'd rather be shot than set your copy."—Pittsburg Press.

Occasionally the wires get crossed and a minister answers the call of somebody else to preach.

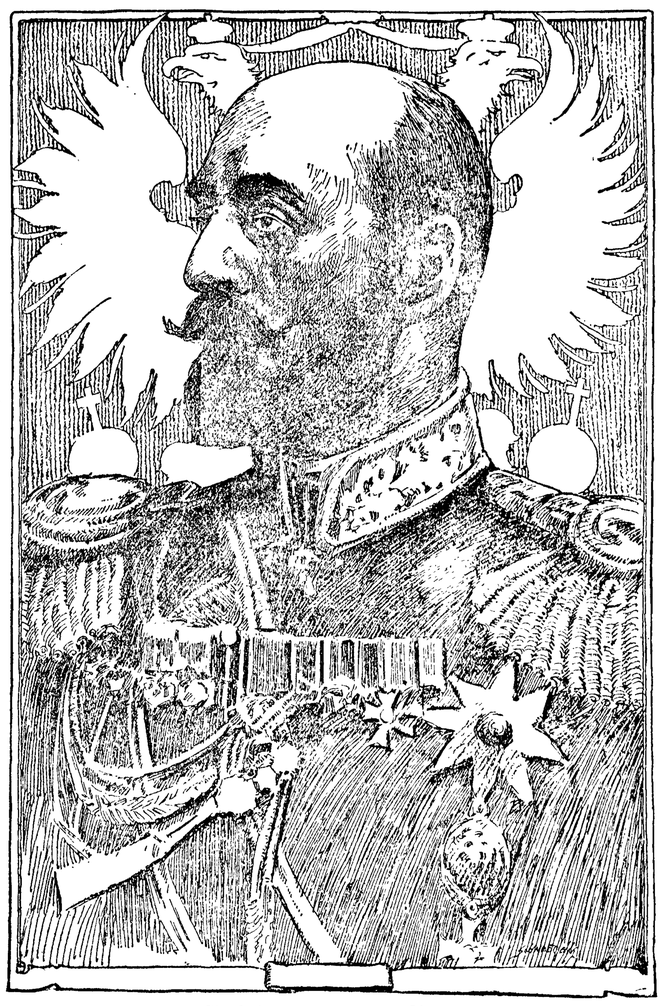
A poor excuse is worse than no excuse.

A TYRANT IS DEAD.

Gen. Trepoff Was the Most Hated Man in Russia.

Escaping time after time the knives and bullets of those who would have assassinated him, the man most hated by the Russian people, recently died a natural death at the palace of the Czar at Peterhof, near St. Petersburg. He was Gen. Dimitri Feodorovich Trepoff, the most detested and the most cruel tyrant who stood between the people and their hopes for reform. He was one of the most remarkable men in Russia. His father was a foundling and never knew who his parents were, but he rose to be a power in the empire and the son followed in his footsteps, rising even higher. No man stood so firmly for despotism as did Dimitri Trepoff, and his life was constantly in danger. He was shot at over and over again. Three attempts to take his life were made in one week. While none of the assassins was ever successful in reaching him, they were really the cause of his death, for the constant worry and terror of his position broke down his health and led to his end.

Trepoff was a typical Russian—very tall, very strong, with cold blue eyes and a hard expression. He had no mercy in his soul and thought nothing of ordering the Cossacks to mow down the people on the slightest provocation. He was vulgar and illbred and possessed none of the gentlemanly qualities which attach to the Russian of good breeding. Withal, he was fearless and stood between the Czar and those who would have reduced the power of the imperial ruler. He was the protector and savior of autocracy. He even prevented the Czar carrying out his reform ideas. He was the one barrier between the tempestuous sea of mobs and popular passions that raged around the throne on one hand and the equally cruel autocracy on the other hand. He plotted for M. Witte's removal and upset every plan for change in the form of government. As commandant of the imperial palace he constantly had the ear of the Czar and his influence was boundless. His removal by death is a great blow to the autocracy and clears from their path the strongest man in the way of the liberals.



GEN. DIMITRI TREPOFF.

Hundreds of those whom he had caused to be publicly flogged or sent into exile will rejoice that the tyrant is dead.

Nobility Run to Seed.

The death in an almshouse at Kingston-on-Thames of a man who claimed descent from King Edward I. and collaterally from Archbishop Cranmer is only another of the many instances of the slow extinction of noble families, instances well known to those who study genealogy from the eugenic standpoint. The garrulous Burke mentions how one co-heir of our Plantagenet kings became a shoemaker, carrying on his trade in a suburb of London, how another was a butcher at Halesowen, and a third a tollbar keeper near Dudley. And up and down the country may be found many men who are the sole representatives of great and powerful families that once held undisputed sway over lordly acres. Hardy, as every bookman knows, made splendid use of this fact in "Tess of the D'Urbervilles."—Pall Mall Gazette.

Poorly Trained.

A brakeman retired to a farm and started to lead a simple life. Having a piece of new land to break, he hitched up a team of mules, wrapped the lines around his wrist in farmer fashion and started to work. He had gone but a short distance when he saw a stump ahead and immediately began giving the railroad "stop" signal with both hands. The plow struck the stump and the brakeman went head first over the plow. Picking himself up he ran angrily to the mules and roared: "You flop-eared scoundrels, don't you ever look back for a signal?"—Atchison Globe.

Wise Man.

"Why do you refuse to have any business relations with Riggles?"

"I always steer clear of a man sharper than myself."

"In what way is he sharper?"

"He once had a chance to marry my wife and didn't."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

A thin woman can fill out certain hollow places and look pretty well, but when a man is very thin he looks like a buggy whip, and nothing can help him.

FOLK'S NEW POLICY

OUTLINES PLAN FOR CONTROL OF RAILROADS.

Would Have Official Like Controller of Currency to Rule Them, With Power to Suspend Directors and Officers for Law Violation.

Farmington, Mo., Oct. 15.—Gov. Folk, who is known to oppose government ownership of railroads, has come out in advocacy of a policy of more stringent government supervision. The governor favors a government control similar to the present control of national banks by the federal government. He traveled with Mr. Bryan Friday and spoke from the same platform. They held conferences on the issues of the day, and presumably discussed Mr. Bryan's advocacy of federal ownership. Mr. Folk said Saturday:

"If there were a controller of railroads appointed by the president subject to removal at pleasure, with absolute power to suspend directors or officers of interstate railroads violating the law and appoint receivers to take charge of the road until the operators could furnish sufficient guarantee of more responsible management, the result should be to remedy evils now existing in railroad affairs.

"In other words, give the controller of railroads the power over railroads that the federal government now exercises through the controller of the currency over national banks."

REHEARING REFUSED

Senator Burton Must Serve Sentence in Prison.

Topeka, Kan., Oct. 16.—Senator Burton has notified his attorneys to arrange for beginning his term in prison as soon as possible.

Washington, Oct. 16.—The supreme court of the United States has denied the petition of former United States Senator Burton, of Kansas, for a rehearing in the case in which he is under sentence of imprisonment and fine under the charge of accepting an attorney's fee in a case in which the government was interested while he was serving as senator.

The case of Burton has been before the court since 1903, when he was indicted in St. Louis on the charge of accepting a fee for representing the Rialto Grain Company of that city in an effort to debar it from the use of the United States mails. He was found guilty and sentenced to serve six months in jail and pay a fine of $2,500. On appeal to the supreme court the decision was reversed on a technicality and a second trial was ordered. The sceond verdict was identical with the first and it was sustained bv the supreme court.

FIRST COAST GAME UNDER RUGBY RULES

Standford University, Cal., Oct. 15.—The first collegiate game of Rugby football played on the Pacific coast was played between the freshmen of the University of California and Stanford Saturday. The game resulted in a 3-to-0 victory for the University of California over the first year men of Stanford.

In the first half the Stanford fifteen had much the better of the contest, but in the second period the tables were turned and the ball was continually in cardinal territory. Stanford excelled in passing the ball, but the California men showed a greater knowledge of the rules of the game.

Stanford was penalized frequently, and California's score was due directly to several successive penalties inflicted by Referee Mack. As a result of the first penalty, California was given a free place-kick from the 25-yard line, and Johns booted the ball squarel between the goal posts, but the score was disallowed by the referee because the kicker overstepped the line A moment later Johns failed to make another place-kick from a more difficult angle, but the third attempt from a heeled kick sailed over the bar and three points were chalked up for California. After this score the cardinal's goal line was in constant danger, but the Stanford youngsters rallied desperately and no further scoring was done.

Smaller and Better Fleet

London, Oct. 17.—The Standard says the government purposes before the end of this year to remove twenty efficient ships from active srevice in order to economize for an active fleet. Four battleships of the Majestic class will be removed from the channel fleet, two of the same class from the Mediterranean fleet. All of these will be placed in the home reserve, each with the nucleus of a crew aboard The entire Royal Sovereign class, eight fine vessels, will be placed in reserve without crews, and four armored cruisers will be paid off.

New Great Northern Train

St. Paul, Oct. 13.—A new train will be put on the Great Northern line between St. Paul and Spokane to take care of local business and relieve the two transcontinental trains running between St. Paul and Seattle. The vast volume of passenger traffic over the line has made this step necessary. The change will go into effect tomorrow.

CHARGES CRIMINAL LIBEL

Mayor Dunne Asks for Indictment of Chicago Tribune.

Chicago, Oct. 13.—State's Attorney Healy is not yet prepared to say whether he will comply with Mayor Dunne's demand for the indictment of the Chicago Tribune on a charge of criminal libel or of himself (the mayor) for malfeasance in office.

Mayor Dunne is deadly in earnest and says he will take steps to force the matter before the grand jury if the prosecutor fails to act.

The basis of the controversy is an editorial in the Tribune criticizing the mayor for the character of his administration. The paragraphs to which Mayor Dunne takes te strongest exception say:

"When Mayor Dunne packs the board of education with freaks, cranks, monomaniacs and boodlers and turns over to them the care of one of the greatest school systems in this country, he is doing much to bring Chicago in to disrepute."

"Either I am a criminal or the author of this statement is guilty of a violation of the criminal libel laws of the state.

"I can laugh at the charges that my appointees are freaks, cranks and monomaniacs," said Mayor Dunne, after the dispatch of his letter, "but when I am accused of packing the school board with boodlers it is time for an investigation."

WINDHAM GLACIER IS REPORTED MOVING AGAIN

Seattle, Oct. 17.—After years of inactivity, the Windham glacier has forced its way through a moraine terminal and is pushing huge icebergs into Taku inlet and carrying with it a small forest, which had grown up on the moraine during the time the river of ice remained inactive. The story was brought to Seattle yesterday by Capt. Nord, of the steamship Jefferson, of the Alaska Steamship Company, and says his information was received from Judge Gunnison, of Juneau. Fishing vessels brought the story of the phenomena to the Northern port. The story is corroborated by statements of Capt. Nord that as his vessel passed through Stephen's passage bodies of gravel, chunks of driftwood and trees were seen which must have been a part of the moraine.

According to the story told at Juneau by the fishermen, the glacier has broken off three miles back of the inlet and is slipping into the bay, taking with it the moraine which has separated it from tide water for many years.

For years back it has been considered that the glacier was receding. It once fed into the inlet, but gradually the discharge diminished and at last ceased altogether. Then as time passed the moraine formed and a river flowed from the head of the glacier through to the tide water, passing under the glacier and the moraine. It is believed by those who claim to have visited the glacier since the change that the warm weather of the past year is responsible for the action.

POSTAL DEFICIT REDUCED

Statement of Receipts and Expenditures Issued.

Washington, Oct. 17.—Postmaster General Cortelyou has given out an advance statement of the receipts and expenditures of the postal service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1906.

It shows a reduction of the annual deficit from $14,572,584 for 1905 to $10,516,996 for 1906, over $4,000,000, or 27.83 per cent.

The total receipts for 1906 were $167,932,783, an increase over 1905 of $15,106,198, which is the greatest increase for any year in the history of the service.

The total epxenditures for 1906 were $178,149,779, an increase of $11,050,610 over 1905. The per cent of increase of expenditure is less than for a number of years and is smaller by one-third than the per cent of increase during 1905.

GRAIN PRICES FIXED ON BOARD OF TRADE

Chicago, Oct. 17.—Richard Gambrill, a member of the board of trade, tetsified before the interstate commerce commission that the board of trade had adopted a rule in the face of advice from an attorney stating that it was unlawful to fix the price of grain bought from the farmers.

Gambrill said that members of the Minneapolis and Chicago boards meet every day before closing to fix the highest price to be paid before opening. No buyer can pay holder more. The witness said the rule was ruining Chicago as a grain market.

Prohibit Sale of Liquor

Panama, Oct. 17.—It is understood that the sale of ilquor on the isthmus will be prohibited after January 1, 1907. This cannot affect Panama and Colon, where the saloons never close. It is stated that the number of recent wrecks have been traced to the intoxicated condition of train crews.

Mrs. Jefferson Davis Dead

New York, Oct. 17.—Mrs. Jefferson Davis, widow of the president of the Confederacy, who had been ill for a week at the Hotel Majestic in this city, died at 10:25 last night. Mrs. Davis has for some years made her home in this city, where she had a wide circle of friends.

SIZING UP VALUES

RAILWAY COMMISSION HAS MANY MEN GATHERING DATA.

Information Obtained Will Be of Great Value to Tax Commission and County Assessors. Expert at Work on Rights-of-Way.

Olympia, Oct. 13.—Railroad Commissioner John Lawrence discussed in detail the work now being done by order of the commission in gathering data on the cost and value of railroad property in this state.

Under a decision of the United States supreme court, railroad rates must be such as will give a reasonable return upon the value of the road, over and above operating expenses, etc. It is to secure this value and in addition to comply with the requirements of the commission law, which provides that such information be secured and reported to the state legislature that this work has been taken up. H. P. Gillette, the $1,000-permonth expert enigneer, is in charge and has a large force of deputies and assistants. At St. Paul, the Great Northern company gave permission for the examination of all its records, and there employes of the commission have about completed checking over all the old vouchers and making up statements showing in detail just what was paid out by the Great Northern oriignally for right of way and what its construction in Washintgon cost.

At Work in Tacoma

The Northern Pacific data will be gathered at Tacoma, where it was lately discovered all the necessary maps and records are kept. At Portland last week the Oregon Railroad and Naviagtion Company gave the commission full permission to go through its records, and men are at work there gathering data. This data, when completed, will be assembled here and will be used to make up the first statement of the actual original cost of right of way and construction To this will be added certain expenditures, such, for instance, as the cost of switchbacks on the Great Northern and Northern Pacific, and which the railroads think properly chargeable to the oriignal construction cost.

Another line of investiagtion is the present cost. Engineers will make a personal examination of every foot of railroad in this state, noting bridges and the like, and will report the same.

Fix Commercial Value of Land

Other experienced right of wya men will tour the lines and will ascertain and report the commercial value of the rights of way, basing their estimates on present values of adjacent property and existing conditions. Data on the original cost and present value of the terminals at Seattle and Tacoma will also be secured and assembled here. From this line of data the commission will make up what it considers the present value of the roads, that is, what it would actually cost to reproduce the same. Admittedly this examination by expert right of way men will produce very valuable information for the tax commission and county assessors.

Railroad managers have advised the commission that they recognize this and are perfectly willing to pay taxes on every dollar's worth of value of property they have, if all other property in the state pays on the same ratio to value. Every effort is being made by the commission to assemble this data at an early date and the prediction is made at the office of the commission that the report made to the legislature will be quite complete and most informative, more so, in fact, than the interstate commerce commission or any other state commission has been able to secure before.

YAKIMA HAS VAST OUTPUT

Fruit Shipments for Season Reach High Total.

North Yakima, Oct. 14. During September 22,734 crates of fruit were shipped by express from North Yakima, totaling 249,507 pounds. Of these shipments 12,104 crates consisted of peaches, 6,396 of grapes, while other fruits averaged about 900 crates each. The straight carload shipments for the month amounted approximately to 200 carload lots of ten tons each, so that the total fruit shipments for the month from North Yakima alone aggregated 4,500,000 pounds.

During August the straight carload shipments were 109, totaling 2,788,879 pounds, while the weight of fruit sent out by express was 405,017 pounds. During July express shipments were 287,949 pounds and the carload shipments approximately 500,000 pounds. For the past three months the w of fruit sent out from North Ya alone is approximately 8,50 pounds.

Topenish and Wapato each equal North Yakima in this res while large quantities are also out from Mabton, so that the ments from these three stations were 25,000,000 pounds for months.

Early Morning Fire at Tacoma

Tacoma, Oct. 15.—Fire at 1 o yesterday morning caused heavy to occupants of the California b ing on Pacific avenue, between enth and Thirteenth streets. principal damage was caused by w flooding stores on the lower floor.

WORLD · BECOMING · CONVERTED to the IDEA of CONSTITUTIONAL GOVERNMENT

Shah of Persia has granted his people's demands for a Parliament and China is preparing a Constitution

Although constitutional government was known to the world before the United States, after its break with the mother country, tried the experiment, the system adopted here undoubtedly has been the model upon which many of the later constitutions have been founded. The comparative smoothness of the working of the Federal Constitution has shown its peculiar advantages for a sovereign people who have decided to govern themselves. While it is too radical for some countries where class distinctions exist, the simplicity and comprehensiveness of the United States system recommend it in part, at least, to all people seeking popular government.

In Europe the only countries without representative rulers are Turkey and the tiny State of Monaco, both of which are autocracies. More than one-half the inhabitants of the globe are ruled under ancient systems, but recent announcements show that within a few years the whole world will have accepted the idea of representative government.

Last year the Czar of Russia gave the order for the election of representatives to the great national council, the Douma. While the experiment showed conclusively that the step was ill-timed, and while the Emperor found it necessary to dissolve this Parliament, it may be asserted that bona fide constitutional government will be the Russian people's portion in the near future.

Shah Follows Czar.

The astonishment and surprise with which the rest of the world greeted the Czar's proclamation for constitutional government was only little less than that which saluted the announcement that China is to have a constitution and a representative government, and that the Shah of Persia had agreed to do as much for his people.

The significance of a change in the form of government so radical as the substitution of a system of popular rule for an autocracy demands that the reform be achieved with consideration rather than with dispatch. China, being a large body, follows the axiom and moves slowly. The wise men of the Central Empire have said that twelve years will be required before a suitable constitution will be ready. For that reason, and for others more obvious to the student of international politics, there need be little fear that China will be a larger gainer from reform than Russia appears to be. So far as Persia is concerned, a case very different from that either of Russia or China is presented. At the present moment few persons would care to hazard a guess on the outcome of the proposed promised reform in the Shah's empire.

In Persia the inquirer finds a chaotic state of affairs, far more hopeless than the anarchy spreading throughout Russia, and so inextricably confused with religious disorders as to be incomprehensible to one unacquainted with the conflicting agencies in the East and the oriental character. Only a master mind can restore order in Persia, and the question is, Does the empire of Alexander the Great possess such a genius?

With Russia, China and Persia adopting the western system of government, the world may be said to have become possessed of the idea of popular rule, for the few remaining States have a total population of no more than 65,000,000, a rather insignificant part of the total number of earth's inhabitants, approximately set down as 1,300,000,000. In addition to the countries mentioned, representative government is still unknown in Abyssinia, which clings to the feudal system; Afghanistan, which has feudal local government; Morocco, which is an autocracy; Nepaul, which is a military oligarchy, and Siam, which is ruled by a legislative council.

A commission from China for a year or two has been studying the various national constitutions, and it is not improbable that the new Chinese system will be patterned on that of the United States and that of Germany, both of which contain portions which might, without violence of national prejudices be naturalized in the Celestial kingdom. Like the United States and the German empire, the Chinese empire is composed of a number of states, or, as they are called, provinces. Each has customs and laws peculiar to itself, although there are national laws (edicts in China) which are universally applicable throughout the empire.

When it is announced that the Chinese will require about a dozen years to frame a suitable constitution, the tendency of the reader is to give a knowing smile. "They do everything slowly in China," he says. The Chinese are, indeed, cautious and conservative, and will not consent to throw away the wisdom of 2,000 years without supplying its place with something betters. On the other hand, it is well to remember that the American constitution required years in its making. The first experiment was the Articles of Federation, quickly found to be unsuited, and then, after years of popular demand, the constitution as we know that document was framed and, after more delay, adopted. About ten years elapsed between the framing of the Articles of Federation and the adoption of the Federal Constitution. Less than 4,000,000 persons had to be satisfied. In China there are about 435,000,000. The United States then comprised thirteen states; in China there are eighteen provinces, corresponding to our commonwealths.

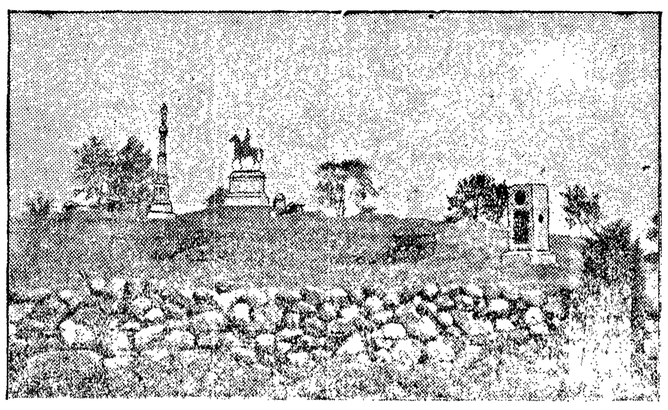
Persia in Sad Plight.

Not long after the announcement the Dowager Empress of China, who is the actual ruler of the empire, had decided to give the reformers a constitution, word was received that the shah of Persia had finally granted the demands of his people. Few countries stand so much in need of reform as Persia. The state is on the verge of collapse; provinces are in a state of anarchy; the treasury is empty; all available securities are mortgaged, and the army, unpaid for months, is in open mutiny. Insurrections against the government occur daily, and the only trustworthy troops in Teheran, the capital, are the Russian Cossack brigade. The cause of the disorder is, in part, the wish of the mullahs to imitate the example set by the Russian revolutionaries; in part, the stirring of the Pan-Moslem spirit, and the desire to give allegiance to the Sultan as the supreme head of Islam. Truly, the moment for granting a constitution is as inopportune as was that selected for granting a representative assembly to Russia. In the meantime European powers are jockeying for position to catch the prize as it falls.

ON BLOODY GETTYSBURG.

Reunion of Blue and Gray on Ground Where They Fought.

The winged dove of peace which now hovers over the bloody field of Gettysburg recently witnessed the unusual spectacle of veterans of the war from both North and South shaking hands across the famous stone wall over which Pickett's men made their glorious but useless charge. Gradually the government is acquiring all the property over which the great three days' struggle was fought, and in time the ground will be entirely the nation's own, to be preserved forever intact as



GLIMPSE OF THE GETTYSBURG BATTLEFIELD.

it was when Lee reached the limit of his Northern march.

Monument after monument has been erected on the field until the entire ground is dotted with mementos of the stirring incidents of the great battle. nor- ound look- ticed day the the the Top. ered icin- The was which the ound e the have lived a second during the progress of the battle, for in the attack on Little Round Top Confederate sharpshooters were thickly sprinkled in the Devil's Den, a mass of rocks in the valley below, and these marksmen, retiring into the cave beneath a big bowlder to load, would fire and retire again, so that a constant rain of bullets was kept on the defenders of the hill. The guns that poured shot and shell down on these sharpshooters and raked Death valley in the immediate vicinity are still on Little Round Top.

Every stone of the famous wall is preserved just as when Pickett made his charge, and the veterans of the fight recently gathered here in reunion and shook hands across this battle line. The wall is partly hidden by bushes in places, but its twists and turns can be plainly followed from the road along Bloody Angle. The trees behind which the Confederates formed for this desperate charge are to be seen plainly from the angle. So also can the gap through which Pickett's men advanced after the terrific artillery duel of the third day of the battle. Fifteen thousand strong, Pickett's men moved across the open ground between the lines, and, though torn by cannon shot and rifle fire, kept doggedly on until the stone wall was reached.

A little further on is the monument erected to the memory of the brave handful of Minnesotans who charged the thousands of advancing Confederates when it was found that there was a gap in the line and there was a danger of the Federal army being broken. They were asked to make the charge in order to allow time for the bringing up of reinforcements to stop the gap, and they did so, knowing that they were going to certain death. Such deeds are so commonly recorded on the monuments on this battlefield that it would be necessary only to copy the inscriptions to obtain a string of stirring incidents in which brave men who counted life as nothing compared with the winning of the day figured as the principals.

CATCHING A GIANT FISH.

The Monster of a Minnesota Lake Taken After a Hard Fight.

The big fish which has caused so much excitement on the part of the fisherman at Ely lake and which has been a prolific source of tall tales, has been caught, says the St. Paul Pioneer Press. At least William Peterson of this place believes that he has captured the monster.

While fishing in the lake Peterson secured a tremendous "strike." He was almost jerked out of his boat by the first angry struggle of the big fish, but being an expert with the rod and the reel, soon recovered his equilibrium and began to "play" his catch. The fish tried all the tricks known to the finny tribe and many new ones. It would set off at tremendous speed, towing the skiff after it at a rate that made the water churn. Then suddenly the line would slacken and Peterson could hardly reel in his line fast enough to keep it taut as the fish came near.

After three hours of hard work, at the end of which Peterson's wrist felt as if it had been kept in a vise for that length of time, he managed to get the fish alongside and run a gaff through its gills. He then took a revolver and shot it. It proved to be a seventy-five-pound muskallonge, and, although it was not seven feet long, as many who had seen the fish claimed it was, Peterson is satisfied that there are few fish in Ely lake its equal.

What He Wanted.

"Ah," said the fortune teller, sighing deeply and getting a mystic expression into her eyes, "you wish to learn what the future will hold for you?"

"Not exactly," replied the patron, passing over his dollar. "I want to find out what the future will let go of for me."—Judge.

Some men have more grievances than a dog has fleas.

THE BILL BOARDS SAY

GASENE

WE SAY THE REST

Gasene Soap will wash in cold, cool, warm, hard or soft water, without boiling.

GASENE WASHES CLEAN

5c per cake, 5 for 25c

Washington Wheat Flakes

always ready to serve. To get this cereal started the manufacturers have supplied us with a lot of nice

SUGAR SPOONS

one to be given with each package.

Price 15c per package.

Port Angeles Grocery Co.

'PHONE 38

J. C. HANSEN. C. E. CUSHING

— THE —

OLYMPIC = LEADER

Published Every Friday at Port Angeles by The Webster Publishing Co.

THE OFFICIAL PAPER OF CLALLAM COUNTY

Entered as Second-class Matter in the Post Office at Port Angeles, Washington.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN CLALLAM COUNTY.

Subscription Price $1 per year.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1906.

Lewis Levy, well known thruout the county as a progressive citizen and a careful systematic business man, addresses a card to the voters in another column of this issue. Mr. Levy would make a first-class official, one in whom the people of the county could safely trust this, the most important of the clerical offices, and it is safe to say he will receive a large vote, especially from those who do not believe in unlimited tenure of office.

A. J. Cosser, candidate for sheriff, is making a strong canvass of the county for the office for which he is the nominee. As it progresses his strength grows. He is a modest, unassuming young business man who has grown up here in Clallam county, and for that reason alone is entitled to the strong support he is receiving. But there are other reasons, chief of which are his fitness and ability. About this there can be no doubt. In this respect he may not be superior to his opponent, but he is assuredly his equal. He will receive the united support of his party, besides a large independent vote among which he counts a large number of personal friends.

E. A. Fitz Henry should be re-elected county clerk. The Olympic-Leader believes that he will be. He has been tested with two years' service and not found wanting and is clearly entitled to a second term. Every fair minded man will admit that much. It has been the custom in this county to give a good official a second term, and there is no just reason why an exception should be made at this time. Think of this when you go to the polls to vote on Nov. 6. A sagacious business man is always anxious to retain the services of a competent and trustworthy employee. Why not the county? We are not advocating a long tenure of office for Mr. FitzHenry, the law forbids that, but every man is entitled to two terms. Give Mr. FitzHenry a second term and he will step down and out.

One member, at least, of the board of county commissioners should reside at the county seat. This is a foregone conclusion. Port Angeles is the largest city in the county. It is the center of the business and manufacturing interests of the county. More wealth is centered here, and its citizens pay a much larger per cent of the taxes than the citizens of any other locality. For these reasons alone Angeles is always entitled to one member of the board. Besides important matters are constantly coming up that require immediate attention. This cannot be given properly when the commissioners all reside outside of the city. It often occurs that Mr. Filion or Mr. Christopher of the present board are called upon for advice, Mr. Christopher and Mr. Filion's terms expire with the beginning of the new year. Mr. Bugge resides at Port Williams. Mr. Lauridsen is the only nominee of either party who resides in Angeles. It would simply be a bad business proposition not to elect Mr. Lauridsen. Are the voters of the county prepared to make that mistake? We think not.

The opposition could find no fault with Miss Trumbull for Supt. of Schools, and feeling that the voters of Clallam county would follow the example of electors in other parts of the country and give the charge of our county schools to a worthy and capable woman, set about, or someone interested in the candidacy of Mr. Taylor set about to raise the question of illegibility in an ill-advised and ungentlemanly effort to prevent her name appearing on the official ballot. As that matter has been definitely settled, and settled right, by the attorney general of the state, that Miss Trumbull's name must appear on the ballot, the opinion of State Supt. of Schools Bryan is pertinent and perspicuous: "It would be a pretty contracted sort of a soul who would pronounce the five-year certificate from the State Normal school inferior to the first grade certificate."

There is another self-evident fact. A county superintendent of schools cannot teach a district school and at the same time render the other schools of the county satisfactory service; a superintendent of schools cannot teach and at the same time visit the schools of the county, as the law directs. He must neglect one or the other. The custom in Clallam county has been for the superintendent to teach and thereby neglect his official duties.

If Miss Trumbull is elected superintendent of schools she will devote her entire time to the duties of the office and make the visiting of schools a specialty.

N. M. Hawkins has given such universal satisfaction as deputy auditor that he was accorded a nomination as a candidate for auditor without opposition. He is the logical candidate, and the opposition is making little or no effort to defeat him at the polls. He is considered an expert in county affairs and will make a popular official. No objection to his competency or conduct can or will be raised by anyone. He will receive a large vote and be elected by a big majority.

Judge Hatch was at Port Townsend this week attending to court matters. A jury for the November term, beginning Nov. 1st was selected. The Wright scalp bounty matter may come up at this term. The case will be watched with much interest by the voters of Clallam county.

In addition to the election of county officers, the people of Chehalis county will decide upon the question of the removal of the county seat from Montesano to Grays Harbor. These county seat fights are generally bitter affairs and often disrupt the party in power.

New heaters, cheapest of any place on earth, at Baker's.

Att'y A. A. Richardson, the democratic nominee for county attorney, is leaving no stone unturned for the success of his party at the polls next November. Working against great odds, he is meeting with much encouragement from all quarters, and things have not looked so bright politically for the party since the Judge was elected county clerk in '92. Judge Richardson is well known and closely identified with the county and its interests. If elected he will prosecute all criminals and allow no guilty man to escape justice and will not admit politics into his conduct of an office or treatment of the public, whose servant he considers every official to be.

A popular subscription is being started for the purpose of purchasing a Grand Smith-American organ for the Congregational church. Every subscriber will be given a certificate of purchase which will entitle him to one admission for each 50c subscribed to a high class concert given in the opera house by the best local talent, under the direction of Prof. W. A. Lange. Date and program to be announced later. The organ may be seen and heard any afternoon between 2 and 3 o'clock at the Angeles Music House on Front street.

Rev. Geo. F. Graham and wife are to be congratulated. Tumwater, where they are located, is a thriving, up-to-date town, a suburb of Olympia. Unlike many other towns in the state, Tumwater has no municipal debt, and has money at interest. The municipal tax levy for all purposes is three mills. Happy Tumwater. Happy Rev. Geo. F. Graham.

New York, Paris and Vienna have joined hands in the designing of the new line of LaVogue suits and cloaks, and the expert tailor-men employed to make these garments supply a quality of workmanship you cannot find elsewhere. A nice line of these celebrated goods on sale at Mrs. Phelps.

Things political must be in a bad way in Chehalis county, if one may believe what the papers are saying. One republican paper in that county carries at its editorial head: "Republican County Ticket. Too Bad to Support."

We see that the Times Clothing Mart have just received a new line of suit cases and grips and trunks.

Fine lettuce, small radishes, and other vegetables at the new market next to Gray & Henderson. F. E. Pollow.

A boys 18 age suit, with vest, will cost you $3.00 now at Times Clothing Mart.

Arrange for your . . .

Christmas Portraits Now

Fulmer's Studio, Phone 74

NOTICE TO CONTPACTORS.

Notice is hereby given that bids will be received by the Clerk of School Board of School District No. 43, for the erection of a school house in said district. Plans and specifications can be seen at the Olympic-Leader office. All bids must be filed at this office by the hour of 1:30 p. m., October 29, 1906.

Board reserves right to reject any or all bids.

ALEX. McCONACHIE,
School District Clerk

FOR SALE—One Span Colts, 2 and 3 years past, broke. One Durham Bull Calf, 3 months old. One Durham Bull, 1 year old, full blood. One Chester White Boar, 2 years old, registered.

Apply to L. R. THOMPSON, Elwah.

L. RAMALIA

JEWELER

Watch Repairing a Specialty. All Work Guaranteed First Class.

DUNGENESS, WASH.

Choice Cuts

from this breed of stock are not in my line but if you want

Prime, Juicy, Fat Steaks and Roasts

come to the new meat market of

F. E. POLLOW

where nothing but the best goes.

W. A. LEWIS

Contractor and Builder

Satisfaction Guaranteed

Port Angeles, Washington

NOTICE—IN PROBATE.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washinton, in and for the county of Pierce.

In the matter of the estate of John N. Nolan, deceased.

Whereas the Superior Court of Pierce county, Washington, duly entered an order in the above entitled cause directing the executors of the said estate to sell at private sale in pursuance to a petition filed in the said court by said executors, the following described property, namely:

The east half (e½) of the west half (w½) of section thirty-five (35) in township thirty one (31) north of range thirteen (13) west of the Willamette Meridian in Clallam county, Washington.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that the said executors will sell said property at private sale on or about the 27th day of October, 1906, and notice is hereby given that the undersigned executors of said estate will receive sealed bids for said premises up to ten o'clock a. m. of said twenty-seventh day of October, 1906, at the office of Boyle & Warburton, at No. 310 Fidelity Building, Tacoma, Washington, which bids must be in writing, and shall be left at said office or delivered to the undersigned executsrs personally or may be left at the office of the clerk of the Superior Court of Pierce county, Washington, which bids may be so delivered at any time after the date of the first publication of this notice and before ten o'clock a. m. of said 27th. of October, 1906, the terms of said sale will be cash on the sale being confirmed by the said court; the executors reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

JOHN T. NOLAN,
DENIS S. DWYER,
Executors of the Estate of John N. Nolan, deceased.

First publication October 5, 1906.

Notice and Summons by Publication.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam county.

C. E. De Launay, plaintiff

vs.

The heirs at law of D. De Launay, deceased and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming an interest or estate in and to the hereinafter described real property, defendants.

State of Washington to the heirs at law of D. DeLaunay, deceased,

are the owners, or reputed owners, of, and all persons unknown, claiming or having an interest or estate in the hereinafter described real property.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff,

C. E. De Launay

is the holder of a delinquent tax certificate No. 1200 issued by the treasurer of Clallam county, Washington, embracing the following real property situated in Clallam county, Washington, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Lots one (1) and two (2) in block one hundred and two (102) of the townsite of Port Angeles.

That said certificate No. 1200 issued on the 20th day of December 1904 for the sum of $59.30 for the delinquent taxes for the years 1900, 1901, 1902 and 1903; that the taxes for the following years have been paid by the plaintiff, to-wit: the year 1904 the sum of $11.59, the year 1905 the sum of $11.74; which several sums bear interest at the rate of fifteen per cent per annum from said date of payment.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this notice and summons, to-wit, within sixty days after the 27th day of July 1606, and defend the above entitled action or pay the amount of the taxes due, together with the costs, penalties and interest: and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered foreclosing said tax lien for such taxes, penalties, costs and interest against said lands and premises hereinbefore mentioned.

C. E. DeLaunay, plaintiff.

A. A. Richardson, attorney for plaintiff.

P. O. address, Port Angeles, Wash.

Date of first publication Sept. 14, 1906.

Cows for Sale.

Having purchased several extra cows to enable us to supply the summer cream trade we now have more than we can winter. We therefore have a number for sale. If you want a cow of any description, see us. Your choice of herd of 20—at from $40 to $50 each. Two head of heifers that will calve in early spring at $15 each. Three months old pigs, $3.

THE VALLEY DAIRY,
A. J. COSSER, Prop.

On main road half mile East of Ennis Creek. Phone A 2-4 long.

ANGELES

MONUMENT WORKS

All Kinds of Monumental Work in Marble and Sandstone.

Foundations and Concrete Work a Specialty.

ANGELES MONUMENT WORKS

WM. BARNETT, PROP.

The CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK

NO. 6074

OF PORT ANGELES, WASH.

C. J. FARMER, PRESIDENT W. F. DELABARRE, VICE-PRESIDENT

J. P CHRISTENSEN, CASHIER

Domestic and Foreign Exchange Bought and Sold

WE SOLICIT YOUR BUSINESS

Filion Mill and Lumber Co.

Manufacturers of and dealers in Rough and Dressed Lumber, Lath, Shiplap, Rustic Siding, Plain and Fancy Casing, Etc.

The Best Cedar Shingles Made.

Office and Mill on Lincoln Heights.

The Lewis Supply Company

Dealers in All Kinds of

ELECTRICAL GOODS

CONTRACTS TAKEN

Store on First St., Bet. Laurel and Oak - Port Angeles

McKEE & LaFLOWER

Funeral Directors and Embalmers

PHONES
LAFLOWER 108
McKEE 105
CITY OFFICE 7

LADY ATTENDANTS

C. F. MERRITT,
Manager City Offi

Notice to Voters.

Pursuant to a resolution passed by the Board of County Commissioners, September 12th, 1906, notice is hereby given, that there will be submitted to the voters of Clallam County, State of Washington, to be voted on at the General Election to be held on Tuesday the 6th day of November 1906, the question: Shall the Board of County Commissioners of Clallam County, State of Washington, issue bonds in the sum of Thirty-four Thousand Dollars, or so much thereof as is necessary to take up the outstanding warrants issued on the General Road Fund, of Clallam County, by exchange at not less than par value for the payment of said warrants.

Dated this 27th day of September 1906.

W. B. SMITH,
County Auditor.

Statement of condition of General Road Fund.

Outstanding Warrants, $24,632.86.
Approximate Interest, 8,500.00.

First publication Sept. 28, 1906.

Treasurer's Notice

The Treasurer of Clallam County, Washington, will pay upon presentation at his office, in Port Angeles, Clallam county, Washington, the following warrants and all of prior issue on said funds:

County General Fund

Warrant No. 10, issued January 6, 1893.

General Road Fund

Warrant No 32, issued July 16th, 1894.

Bridge Fund.

Warrrnt No. 1151, issued September 6th, 1906.

Road and Bridge District Fund Warrants

District No, 1, warrant No. 1873, issued May 11th, 1906.

District No. 2, warrant No. 972, issued April 5th, 1905.

District No, 3, warrant No. 1674, iscued December 7th, 1905.

District No. 4, warrant No. 1116, issued June 6th, 1905.

General School Fund Warrants.

District No. 29, warrant No. 188, issued June 8th, 1906.

No interest will be allowed after October 12th, 1906.

W. E. Burnside,
Treasurer of Clallam County, Wash.

P. J. WILLIAMS

The Old Reliable

JEWELER

WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY

Bank of Clallam County

Established April, 1895

Transacts a General Banking Business

H. E. Lutz, President.
S. J. Lutz, Cashier.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

J. P. HAWKES

Real Estate . . . .

Timber Lands a Specialty

Post box 176, Port Angeles Wash

A. D. WILLSON

Undertaker

AND

Embalmer

17 Years Practical Experience.

FIRST ST.

EAST OF LAUREL. PORT ANGELES

McIvor & Swanson

BLACKSMITHS

Horseshoeing, Wagons and Farm Implements Repaired.

SHOP ON LAUREL STREET
Port Angeles